

# AMERICAN WARSHIPS

**And Some From the British Navy Assisted the Japanese.**  
**Which Is the Incredible Story**  
**It to a Berlin Newspaper by a Correspondent**  
**From Harbin--Intense Feeling Said to Have**  
**Been Aroused Among Pro-Russian**  
**Sympathizers by Pipe Dream.**

Lima, April 21.—A correspondent of the Frankfurter Zeitung, writing from Harbin, Manchuria, under date of April 16th, says: "The bitterest has been aroused about Manchuria against American and British because it is believed that American and British vessels took part in the bombardment of Port Arthur under the Japanese flag. This apparently is due to the fact that the Japanese fleet was larger than the Russians anticipated and in unknown types of vessels. The fact is so strong that Americans are not safe anywhere in Manchuria. One Russian, an American, several others, including David, a Canadian, have disappeared. Authorities are looking for them. It is reported that an Englishman was in Port Arthur as a spy and was taken to Mukden and hanged. The playing of the so-called flower on the Liao river, mostly under American flag and carrying American goods, has been prohibited. Southern Manchuria has been under several months for support of flour destined for Port Arthur. It is reported to be provisioned for years."

**DUKE**  
**Wants To Get Back to the Front Again.**

Petersburg, April 21.—Foreigner for Lamsdorf has been notified the United States reserves all rights she may have under international law in the event of any American citizen being affected by Russian legislation in the case of war conditions using wireless telegraphy. Notification does not involve a conflict against Russia's course. It is reserving whatever rights may be in regard to the yet unadjudicated question of the use of wireless telegraphy in time of war. United States Commercial Agent Greener, at Ostok has been instructed by the Ambassador McCormick to inform the Japanese consul at the island of Sakhalin, that a vessel will be sent to the island to take back to the consular staff and the rest. The arrangements for sending a ship are to be made by Japanese authorities at Washington.

nd Duke Cyril, who was injured in time of the Petropavlovsk disaster, is protesting against returning to sea. He desires as soon as he is recovered to go back to Port Arthur and his mother, the Grand Duchess, is insisting on his return. The Minister Avetian has received following telegram from General Protopatkin:

"I embrace you, dear Feodorovich, knowing the grief and sorrow you are suffering. The army consolation in the firm conviction that our illustrious seamen will have their loss at the expense of the sea fleet."

**Had Miraculous Escape.**  
 Port Arthur, April 21.—Further details of the action of the cruiser Bayard during the night of April 13th, that in covering the retreat of Russian torpedo boats, she expended within 30 cable lengths of enemy in attempting to rescue the ship's crew, and stood broadside

## INNER CASE CALLED TODAY.

**Checks to Prevent Hill Plan for Distributing Stocks Underlying Stock.**

New York, April 21.—The application of C. H. Verner, who, through Continental Securities Co., brought to enjoin the Northern Securities Co. from carrying out its distribution plan for an injunction to restrain Equitable Trust Co., which is the owner of the Oregon Short Line, from accepting Northern Pacific

and Great Northern stocks in substitution for the present underlying Northern Securities stocks, was called on the calendar in the supreme court before Justice Maclean today. It was marked ready and a number of appellants announced that they were ready to go on with the arguments, which will be heard later.

**Application Dismissed.**  
 New York, April 21.—Justice Maclean in the supreme court, dismissed the application of C. H. Verner and Company for an injunction to prevent the Equitable Trust Company from distributing the Northern Pacific and Great Northern Railway stocks held by the Northern Securities Company under the Hill plan.

## SILK MILLS IN SHUT DOWN.

**It Comes as Result of Paucity of Orders for Spring Trade.**

New York, April 21.—A general shut down of the silk mills in Patterson and other parts of New Jersey and in Pennsylvania, is threatened, as a result of the paucity of orders for the fall trade. The manufacturers talk of closing there mills next month, and not resuming operations until September, unless business revives. Most of the silk men ascribe the dullness in trade to such causes as the presidential election, unfavorable weather and the reduction in demand for the higher priced fabrics because of general financial conditions.

Thousands of persons in Patterson and surrounding cities would be affected by the shutting down of the mills.

## PROMINENT MEMBER OF ROYAL ARCANUM DEAD.

Lockport, N. Y., April 21.—John E. Pound, United States Commissioner and former chief regent of the Royal Arcanum of the United States, died today, aged 63 years. He was stricken with apoplexy yesterday.

## FREE

**Fight Between the Soldiers**

**And Secretary**

**Of Eastern Federation of Miners.**

**Haywood Proves Himself a Pugilist as Well as Leader of Men.**

**Although Bayoneted and Clubbed With Muskets Used Inevitably. Situation Over Interference of Militia Is Intense.**

Denver, Colo., April 21.—When the train bearing Charles H. Moyer, President of the Western Federation of Miners, who is to appear this afternoon before the supreme court for a hearing on habeas corpus proceedings, arrived today, accompanied by a military guard, a general fight followed. There were a number of persons at the depot to meet the party, among them Secretary Haywood, of the Eastern Federation of Miners. Haywood walked into the train and shook hands with Moyer. Captain Burkeley Well immediately made a move toward Haywood to strike him. Haywood knocked Well's down when two soldiers attacked Haywood, knocking him under a car seat. Haywood was then arrested and with Moyer, taken to the Oxford hotel. There the trouble broke out afresh when Haywood knocked two soldiers down. The other troopers making up the guard mixed in the fight and Haywood was bayoneted and clubbed with muskets until he was insensible. A riot call was turned in but when the police arrived, the soldiers refused to surrender Haywood.

Adjutant General Bell, Capt. Wells, Capt. Carlie and Col. Kennedy with a guard of 17 troopers departed from Telluride yesterday for Denver with President Moyer.

Later Haywood recovered consciousness and was given medical treatment. The military officials stated that they would hold him on a warrant, sworn out some time ago, charging him with deserting the flag. Chief of Police Armstrong has not yet made formal demand for the surrender of Haywood, who is constructively under arrest in Denver on a similar charge.

## SHOT HIMSELF RATHER THAN

**Face a Charge of Having Disobeyed Orders by Bringing Whiskey Aboard.**

San Francisco, April 21.—Robert Nicholson, chief boatswain's mate of the United States gunboat Petrel, after twenty-two years of honorable service in the United States navy, has shot and killed himself here rather than face a charge of having brought liquor on board the ship. Nicholson was born in the Shelland Islands, 44 years ago, had a good record since his enlistment in 1880, and served through the Spanish war with credit.

## LOSS

**By Fire of Tuesday Night**

**At Toronto**  
**Has Grown Until It Now Reaches**

**Enormous Figures of Thirteen Millions, of This Nearly Nine Millions Dollars**

**Falls to Insurance Companies—It Is Still Impossible to Traverse Burned District at Several Points Fire Burns Yet.**

Toronto, April 21.—The loss by the fire of Tuesday night is growing. The total loss as estimated by insurance experts, it is now said, will reach at least \$13,000,000. The losses of the insurance companies approximate \$8,885,000. It is impossible as yet to traverse the burned district, even the firemen work only on the outskirts.

At a half dozen points, fires are burning. Already a number of firms have secured temporary offices and today the work of dynamiting the standing walls of the ruined buildings was begun. As soon as the insurance claims can be adjusted or appraised, gangs of men will be engaged to clear away the debris. While many business men are stunned and bewildered by the catastrophe, the majority of them take a hopeful view of the situation, and from what can be gathered, the buildings destroyed will speedily be replaced by more pretentious structures.

## BULLETIN.

CLAY CITY, IND., APRIL 21.—WHEN THE HOUR FOR OPENING CAME TODAY, IT WAS FOUND THAT THE FARMERS AND MERCHANTS' BANK HAD BEEN ROBBED OF \$6,000. THE BURGLARS LEFT NO CLUE.

## PLAN A FOOT TO PUT STOP

**To Indiscriminate Dumping of Steel. Five Countries Interested in Its Success.**

London, April 21.—Even the most sanguine do not expect immediate results from the exchange of views now in progress here between reports of steel manufacturers of the United States, Germany, Great Britain, Austria-Hungary and Belgium, with the object of establishing among the steel makers of the important exporting countries an agreement whereby export prices will be fixed and indiscriminate "dumping" be prevented. The movement, which was initiated by the Germans, it is thought by many interested persons, find a surmountable bar in the attitude of an influential body of Britishers who are equally interested as producers and consumers of steel in turning out the more highly finished class of goods and who profit from the "dumping."

## RAILROAD COMPANIES.

**Have Finally Succeeded in Arranging for Cars to Haul Coke Production.**

Scottdale, Pa., April 21.—The railroad companies seem to have at last succeeded in arranging for a plentiful supply of empty cars for the plants in the Connellsville region and the surplus coke is being rapidly removed from the yards.

It is reported that most of the furnaces now have a good supply of coke on hand and that at present the production can easily keep pace with consumption. There are still a few idle furnaces kept out for a considerable time it is not likely that there will be any danger of an overproduction of coke.

There is now an even hundred coke plants in the Connellsville region and of this number 59 plants are running full, 32 part full and 9 are idle.

## OSHKOSH MAN WINS.

Oshkosh, Wis., April 21.—Congressman James H. Davidson, of Oshkosh, was re-nominated by the republicans of the Eighth congressional district today.

## GOVERNOR REFUSED TO

**Extend Clemency to Van Dine Who Is Condemned to Die on Scaffold Tomorrow.**

Springfield, Ill., April 21.—Governor Yates today refused clemency to Harvey Vandine, the street car bandit, who is under sentence to be hanged in Chicago tomorrow with the other bandits, Niedermeyer and Marx. The governor gave his decision upon recommendation of the state board of pardons, which heard the case yesterday. The refusal was telegraphed to the executive office here by Governor Yates, who is at Pittsfield, Illinois, on a campaigning tour. Mrs. Vandine, mother of the condemned man heard the news in Springfield and left as soon as possible for Pittsfield to make a personal plea to the governor.

## WILL GO HARD WITH THEM.

Tien Tsai, April 21.—The two Japanese officers who were captured in Manchuria, disguised as Lamas, and who had a large quantity of explosive in their possession have been taken to Port Arthur. An examination is being made in order to discover how they procured Chinese passports. They will be dealt with according to martial law.

## QUESTION OF HOME RULE IS

**Still Uppermost in Minds of the People of Ireland, Says Edmund.**

Dublin, April 21.—The annual nationalist convention at the Mansion House here today, was well attended and excited much enthusiasm. John Edmund, who presided at the opening proceedings, said the Unionists government and party were in a condemned cell waiting for the execution of the sentence which had been pronounced on them, and in all human probability it was reserved for the representatives of Ireland to give the final blow which would end their existence. They had denied Ireland home rule, had broken their pledges and had introduced a budget which would impose an additional burden of £2,500,000 yearly on Ireland. The question of home rule was again becoming a decided factor in English elections and when the dissolution of parliament came it would be found to be a deciding factor as to what government should rule the empire. The convention passed a resolution in favor of home rule and expressing confidence in the Irish members of parliament.

## BULLETIN.

FINDLAY, O., APRIL 21.—APPARENTLY NO PROGRESS WAS MADE UP TO THE NOON ADJOURNMENT TODAY BY THE EIGHTH DISTRICT REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION WHICH HAS BEEN DEADLOCKED FOR THREE DAYS. FORTY-THREE MORE BALLOTS WERE TAKEN THIS MORNING IN THE EIGHTH DISTRICT REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION WITHOUT A BREAK. A TOTAL OF 543 BALLOTS HAVE BEEN TAKEN SINCE THE CONVENTION WAS CALLED TO ORDER ON TUESDAY MORNING, AND THE RESULT OF THE LAST AND OF ALL THE PRECEDING BALLOTS HAS NOT VARIED THE SLIGHTEST FROM THAT OF THE FIRST. RALPH D. COLE, OF HANCOCK COUNTY AND WALTER C. FULLINGTON, OF UNION, APPARENTLY HAVE THE SITUATION IN CONTROL AND EFFORTS ARE BEING MADE TO HAVE ONE RETIRE IN FAVOR OF THE OTHER. THE DELEGATES ARE WEARY AND THE LEADERS ARE ANXIOUS TO ARRIVE AT A NOMINATION, EVEN IF IT INVOLVES THE SELECTION OF A DARK HORSE, TO PREVENT A STAMPEDE.

## RECEIVER TAKES CHARGE.

**Ideal Cash Register Concern Heavily In Debt, Thrown Into Liquidation.**

Trenton, N. J., April 21.—Vice Chancellor Bergen, today, on application of R. Z. Pierce, of Buffalo, appointed Armstrong Mulford, of Plainfield, N. J., temporary receiver for the Ideal Cash Register Co., of East Round Brook, N. J. Pierce claims to own 7,358 shares of the company's stock, and says the concern is indebted to him to the extent of \$156,000 and to the World's Dispensary Medical Association of Buffalo, to an amount exceeding \$200,000. A rule to show cause why the receiver should not be made permanent was made returnable at Newark on May 3rd.

# FRIENDS OF HEARST

**Endeavoring to Hold Their Own in the Massachusetts Convention, But Olney Men Are In Control.**

**Efforts to Control National Delegates Elected From Congressional Districts of the State Failed and a Compromise for the Sake of Harmony Is Affected.**

Boston, April 21.—Before the democratic state convention to select delegates at large to the national body at St. Louis, assembled today there were indications of a more harmonious session than the leaders previously had expected. The contests between the factions of the party, due to preferences for presidential nominees, were fought out to a considerable extent and disposed of during the night. The state committee was in session until an early hour today, and a spirit was manifested in the state committee and the supporters of Mr. Olney in the proceedings to give the Hearst forces what they termed a fair recognition on the various convention committees, contributed largely to this end. But of far greater importance in the view of Mr. Williams and the Hearst delegates, was the decision of the committee waiving the adoption of the "unit rule" for the Massachusetts delegation, on the contention of the Hearst faction that a clause in the convention call by which the convention would have the right to control the action of delegates elected in the various congressional districts was illegal. This clause was stricken out on the ground that it had been irregularly inserted.

In consequence of these developments in the situation the Hearst delegates appeared at Tremont Temple before the convention in more conciliatory attitude than has been apparent in several weeks. On the other hand the Olney men expressed satisfaction at the prospect of controlling the convention. They claimed that at least six hundred of the nine hundred delegates were supporters of Olney.

## RESOLUTIONS.

The following resolutions were adopted by the convention: The democrats of Massachusetts in convention assembled herewith record their conviction that to achieve success in the coming national campaign our nominee for president should be some citizen not only acknowledged throughout the union to be of pre-eminent ability and unquestionable integrity and patriotism, but also one whose proved attachment to the constitution and laws of the United States is a sure pledge that he will obey the constitution, submit to all its restrictions upon executive authority and execute them personally.

To this end we present to the democrats of the United States the name of Richard Olney as one conspicuously qualified for the office of president. We present him as a citizen not only of Massachusetts alone but of the U. S. and a man thoroughly acquainted with the needs of our country.

We hereby instruct the delegates and alternates chosen to attend the national convention at St. Louis, by this convention and by the congressional district conventions to place in nomination the name of Richard Olney as the choice of Massachusetts for the democratic nomination for president and we further instruct said delegates and alternates to cast the vote of Massachusetts as a unit for him in the convention until the nomination shall be made, or his name shall be withdrawn by authority.

A motion to strike out the "unit rule" paragraph of the majority platform was lost by a rising vote and the platform declaring for Mr. Olney was adopted in the same manner.

## RESOLUTION INTRODUCED

**In Congress Asking Investigation of Possible Merger of Pennsylvania R. R. Interests.**

Washington, April 21.—Representative Gaines, of West Virginia, has introduced a resolution reciting that "it is a matter of common statement" that Pennsylvania railroad system, the B. & O. Co., the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Co., and the Norfolk and Western Railway Co. have plans designed to effect a "community of interest" including ownership of portions of the stock or bonds of some of the companies by the others and changes in the board of directors, by which common control or direction has been and is being applied to the operation and rates of the lines mentioned. The resolution concluded with provision for an investigation of these allegations by the Interstate

## ICE FIELDS STILL EXIST.

Duluth, Minn., April 21.—Banker C. J. Johnson, of Grand Marais, on the north shore of Lake Superior, who arrived in this city after a trying trip reports that the ice field at the head of the lake extends fifty miles out from Duluth, a condition unprecedented at this time of the year. Last year navigation opened some time before this date.

## GERMAN EMBASSY TO HAVE A SUMMER HOME.

Washington, April 21.—The German embassy will be established at Lenox, Mass., for the summer, and the ambassador will raise the embassy flag there early in June. The ambassador expects to remain there until October.



# OLD Ireland Will Be There In All Glory. Her Products Famous for Centuries Will Be Attractively Shown at the Coming Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

World Has a Warm Spot for Emerald Isle, and Her Exhibit  
There Has a Deep Sen-  
timental Interest.

St. Louis, April 21.—The great Irish industries are attractively shown at the World's Fair, and the grand old country, whose products have long been famous, is coming into prominence through the efforts of the Irish Exhibit Co. The present exhibit is the most comprehensive illustration ever made of the actual industrial and social conditions of Ireland.

The following features embrace the exhibit: General industries, home, cottage and art industries, educational, mineral and raw materials, agricultural, fisheries, statistics and intelligence, historic art industries and relics, historic engravings, portraits, etc.

The exhibit is not for the purpose of displaying the products of individual manufacturers, but to present in industrial Ireland as it is today, together with the resources, progress and possibilities of that interesting country. The linen manufacturers' association of Belfast, representing the largest factories of North Ireland, have joined together and arranged a splendid joint exhibit, illustrating the flax and linen industries of Ulster.

This includes a demonstration of all of the processes of the industry, from the cultivation of flax in the field and its treatment in the mill, to the final stage of the product as it reaches the consumer, and every variety of linen made is exhibited.

The great rope making industry of the north is also represented, and Irish distillers also united their efforts to show the processes of manufacturing the pot-still whiskey, for which Ireland is famous. This is made from the barley grown by the village farmers of the south and east.

The Irish woolen industries are also exhibited through the combined efforts of many of those engaged in the work. This shows the finished product in the shape of cloths, tweeds, homespun, rugs, blankets, etc. The hosiery industry of Ireland, which of recent years has made great advances, and the Irish poplin industry, also have comprehensive exhibits.

The home, cottage and art industries exhibit will doubtless prove most interesting to the majority of world's fair visitors. This shows the work carried on in the homes and cottages of the Emerald Isle, as well as the work in some of the art studios, which have been so largely increasing in recent years. In this exhibit are displayed the beautiful Irish lace, crochets, embroidery, homespun carpets, curtains, ecclesiastical, metal work, mosaic, inlaying, stained glass, pottery, basket making, toy making, and numerous other industries.

The beautiful carpets of Donegal are shown and weavers may be seen at the loom at work. A homespun weaver, a damask hand loom weaver, lace workers and a spinner, and handkerchief embroiderers can also be seen. Included in this exhibit are many samples of beautiful needle work and embroidery done in the schools, stained glass and metal work and many features of industrial education.

The minerals, raw materials, fisheries and agricultural industries of the country also furnish interesting exhibits, but the department devoted to historic art, relics, etc., is perhaps the most attractive to the masses. In this exhibit are to be seen many interesting relics touching upon the romantic and pathetic history of Ireland, also many valuable old manuscripts, books and portraits, old Irish coins and a thousand things that combine to make this exhibit so attractive to so many people. The large majority of mankind have a warm spot in their hearts for old Ireland with its big hearted people, and the Irish exhibit therefore has a sentimental interest aside from its industrial features.

WE CARRY ONE OF THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE LINES OF GROCERIES AND VEGETABLES IN THE CITY. OUR FRESH MEAT DEPARTMENT IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY DETAIL. WHY NOT BUY WHERE YOU CAN GET EVERYTHING. A TRIAL ORDER IS ALL WE ASK.

# CLEAN ATHLETICS MADE IMPERATIVE.

In the interests of clean athletics, and that they may have the desired influence on high school life, the superintendents and teachers of northwestern Ohio, at the meeting held at Fostoria, pledged themselves to the faithful observance of the following resolutions and will use their utmost influence to prevent all games with schools in Northwestern Ohio whose athletic associations do not faithfully observe the same:

1. None but bona fide students, doing at least 15 periods regular high school work per week, and receiving passing grades in the same and department, who are undergraduates and have played on their respective teams less than four years, shall be deemed eligible to take part in any high school contest.

2. Any student participating in any contest shall have been in regular attendance from the beginning of the school year, or at least 20 days immediately preceding such contest.

3. No student who has failed to pass his full three periods of work in any term, shall be permitted to play in the following term, until such work shall have been made up.

4. No athletic contest shall be held unless a superintendent or high school teacher from each contending school shall be present.

5. There shall be in each school represented in any contest, a high school athletic board, consisting of the superintendent of schools, a high school teacher, two members elected by the Athletic Association, and one citizen, selected by the faculty of the high school. This board shall have

absolute control of all local high school athletics.

6. Whenever a high school Athletic Association violates a contract fairly entered into, it shall forfeit \$25 to the association disappointed in a date. Upon refusal to pay such forfeit the high school board of review shall disqualify the offending association to participate in any high school athletic contest. And such disqualification shall not be removed in the same school year except with the consent of the offending high school.

7. The president of the Northwestern Ohio Superintendents' and Teachers' Round Table shall appoint an athletic board of review, who shall have printed 500 copies of these resolutions and distribute them among the high schools of northwestern Ohio. To this board shall be submitted all questions in controversy, regarding athletics, among the high schools of Northwestern Ohio. And no high school shall be qualified to engage in any high school athletic contest until its superintendent shall have signed this set of resolutions and shall have received a certificate of such fact from the chairman of the board of review.

In accord with resolution seven, the president of the Northwestern Ohio Round Table Association appointed the following committee to which any disputes may be referred:

H. H. FRAIZER, Principal,  
Tiffin, Chairman.  
W. S. ROBINSON, Fostoria.  
ORRIN BOWLAND, Principal,  
Van Wert.

# PRESIDENT GOT TEN, CASHIER SIX YEARS.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 21.—James Broderick, president and W. T. Collins, cashier of the Indiana National bank at Elkhart, were sentenced today by Judge Anderson, of the United

States district court on their pleas of guilty to violations of the banking laws which resulted in the failure of the bank for \$442,000. Broderick was sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years and Collins for six years.

# KATE CLAXTON'S SON KILLS HIMSELF.

New York, April 21.—Harold Stephenson, 21 years old, said to be a son of Kate Claxton the actress, shot and killed himself today in his lodging room.

Two letters, one sealed and addressed to his mother and one addressed to the latter's sister-in-law,

Mrs. Josephine Cono, were found in the room.

The letter to the young man's mother was to the effect that he would destroy himself because he found it impossible to make friends.

Kate Claxton is said to be playing in Cincinnati.

# THE MARKETS.

New York, April 21.—Improvement in the London market for Securities contributed to a somewhat better tone in the opening stock market here. Advances, however, were of the smallest fraction except in United States Rubber preferred, which advanced 1-8. Renewed liquidation in Pressed Steel Car depressed it a point.

Further buying of the Western and coal groups met little stock pressing for sale, and prices were lifted considerably higher. Union Pacific was most in demand, and gained 1-8. St. Paul brought 144 1/2, and a number of the important railroads and specialties improved sharply. Wheeling and Lake Erie first preferred declined 2 points and Westinghouse Electric and Pressed Steel Car 1. Delaware and Hudson moved up 1.

Live Stock.  
Chicago, April 21.—Cattle, receipts 7,000. Market steady. Good to prime steers \$5.05@5.55; poor to medium \$3.80@5, stockers and feeders \$3@4.25; cows \$1.75@4.35; heifers \$2@4.85; canners \$1.75@2.60; bulls \$2.25@4.25; calves \$2@4.50; Texas fed steers \$4.25@4.80.

Hogs, receipts today 24,000, tomorrow 15,000, market 5 to 10 cents lower. Mixed and butchers \$5@5.15, good to choice heavy \$5.10@5.20; rough heavy \$4.90@5.05; light \$4.80@5.05; bulk of sales \$4.95@5.10.

Sheep receipts 12,000. Market steady. Good to choice wethers \$4.7@5.50; fair to choice mixed \$3.75@4.60; native lambs \$4.50@5.50.

Grain and Provisions.  
Chicago, April 21.—Close.—Wheat, May 89 1/2; July 85 1/2, old 86 1/2, Sept 81 1/2, old 82 1/2.

Corn, April 48 1/2, May 49 1-8, July 48 5-8; Sept. 48 1/2; Dec. 44 1-8.

Oats, April 37; May 37; July 36 1/2; Sept. 30 5-8.

Pork, May 12 1/2; July 12 3/4; Sept. 12 5/8.

Lard, May 6 5/8; July 6 7/8; Sept. 6 8/8.

# CURIOUS ROCK WALL.

Peculiar Underground Formation That Exists in Texas.

Near Rockwall is one of the most curious formations in Texas. This town and county were named after it, and many contend that, in spite of the opinion of scientists to the contrary, the formation is the product of the toll of a prehistoric race of people.

The rock wall, as it is now, extends along three sides of the town, but generally at some distance from it, although to the south it is to be found within two or three hundred yards of the corporation line. No one seems to know just how long it is, but traces of it have been discovered across the river in Dallas county.

Geologists say that the wall owes its origin to a volcanic upheaval. It is composed of stones which are three or four inches in width, two or three inches thick and from six to eighteen inches in length. They are piled on top of one another, just like brick and with the same regularity.

All of it is underground. At some places it comes to within ten feet of the surface of the earth. In others one will have to dig down to twice that depth before its top is touched. In the localities where it is nearest the surface plowshares have turned over many of the stones, and some of the fields are plentifully besprinkled with them. Wells have been dug down by the side of the wall for a distance of fully fifty feet, but it extends down beyond that depth.

The stones are of a light yellow color and evidently have miles in them. There are some streaks, too, which closely resemble white marble. The substance is very hard, and when exposed to the elements does not deteriorate. This is attested by pieces which have been left exposed for more than a generation.

Another curious thing about it is that there is no other stone in the county which is just like it. Rockwall county has some fine building stone, but it is of an entirely different kind. It resembles more nearly than anything else the bricks which were manufactured from the clay found in this section.

Many believe that this wall was built by prehistoric men as a fortification for a settlement which once stood on this very spot. Asked to explain why it is that the wall is now underground, they call attention to the belief of geologists that once the Red river found its way to the sea down through this valley and that it was miles in width. This black dirt, the theorists contend, is a mixture of alluvial deposits and clay, and these deposits, they say, covered up the wall.

# HILL Has Full Control Of All That Pertains To Affairs of Northern Securities.

Two-Thirds of Stockholders  
Vote in Favor of His  
Plans.

But One Appeared to Take Adverse  
Action, and He Was Seen Was  
Over by President of the  
Great Northern.

New York, April 21.—The stockholders of the Northern Securities Company held a special meeting in Hoboken, N. J., today to vote on the proposed plan of distribution of assets as recommended by the directors. Officials of the company who were present include President J. J. Hill, fourth vice president and general counsel W. P. Clough, secretary E. T. Nichols, and Nicholas Terhune, a director. Others present included Winslow S. Pierce and R. S. Lovett, the legal representatives of the Harriman interests. Less than half a dozen stockholders attended the meeting. One of these, George L. Richards, of Washington, D. C., said he owned 100 shares of stock, and declared himself before the meeting opened in favor of the pro-rata liquidation plan. President Hill presided, and Secretary Nichols read the call for today's meeting. There was then a brief whispered conference between President Hill and Mr. Pierce. The latter read a protest in which he said that the Northern Securities Company is not now and never was the owner of the stock sold by E. H. Harriman and Winslow S. Pierce, and that the Northern Securities Company had no right to distribute the stock under the plan proposed. There was another whispered conference between President Hill and Messrs. Pierce and Lovett. In the meantime inspectors had been appointed to count the number of shares represented at the meeting.

New York, April 21.—In the Northern Securities meeting 2,944,740 shares were voted in favor of the distribution plan and none against it. The number of shares issued by the company was 2,950,000.

Messrs. Pierce and Lovett retired from the meeting and Secretary Nichols then read the minutes of the last annual meeting and of the several meetings of the executive committee of the Northern Securities Company. These were adopted without dissenting voice. Stockholder Richards wanted to know by what process of calculation the figures \$39.37 for Northern Pacific and \$30.17 for Great Northern had been arrived at.

"By retable distribution," said Vice President Clough and Mr. Richards was satisfied.

Mr. Richards then voted his 100 shares for the announced plan of distribution. No other outside stockholder appeared to have any interest in the matter. The polls were closed shortly before noon and when the vote was announced it appeared that of the 2,950,000 shares of Northern Securities stock a total of 2,944,740 shares had been voted in favor of the announced plan for the distribution of the holding of railroad stocks and none against.

The meeting adjourned soon after the vote was counted. President Hill said the result was as he expected it would be.

CASTORIA  
For Infants and Children.  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the  
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

Might Catch Something.  
"Quick, mother! Baby brother has fallen down the well!"  
"Oh! oh! And the well hasn't been sterilized!"—Town Topics.

We occasionally see a funny thing among the newspaper advertisements. One is running now: A preacher's picture is printed, and he says: "I thank God for Duffy's malt whisky; it saved my life."

There is always one member of a family who invites guests to stay to eat without remembering there isn't much to eat. Such a member is regarded by the rest as being criminally reckless.

Horton is ahead on the princess question. It is said that two members of the royal family live in Horton who were clothed and fed by the neighbors all winter, but who still show by their manners that they are princesses.

# ALMANACH DE GOTHA

A BOOK IN WHICH IT IS VERY DIFFICULT TO GET ONE'S NAME.

It is a sort of Court Guide to the Cream of the Cream of the Great Ones of the Earth—The Way happens to be very difficult.

If we except the Bible, the Almanach de Gotha is perhaps the most wonderful book in existence.

Although measuring only about five inches by four and an inch and a half in thickness, its editor has nevertheless managed to compress within its twelve hundred and odd closely printed pages an epitome of the history of practically the whole world.

It is also, as everybody knows, a sort of "court guide" to the cream of the cream of the great ones of the earth. To be "in" the Almanach is to be in possession of a passport to practically any society and to find oneself equipped with almost unlimited credit.

But to get "in" is no easy matter. Money alone is of no account whatever. You will search in vain among its pages for the names of mere millionaires of any country which are not linked with titles.

On the other hand, the titles and dignities of the many American millionaires who have married princesses, dukes and others of that ilk are set forth in full—their sisters, their cousins and their aunts, to say nothing of their descendants.

True, the "Whitaker of Monarchs," as it has been not inaptly christened, makes some few concessions to the democratic spirit of the age. It includes the names of presidents of republics, for instance.

But this is a comparatively modern innovation. It was not until the very mention of such a form of government was occasionally ignored.

France, for example, according to the Almanach, was a monarchy in 1792 and for many years thereafter, the editor continuing to print in edition after edition the name of Louis XVII. as reigning monarch.

When, however, Napoleon was proclaimed emperor he at once qualified automatically for a place in its pages. And he was not long in insisting upon the right being recognized. Indeed it is said that he wrote out with his own hand a complete list of his relatives, whose names he wished inserted, and made it so long that the editor doctored.

But Napoleon was not a man to be trifled with by an almanach maker, and the list went in. He also succeeded in getting the Almanach itself printed in the French language, in which it has ever since remained. Previously, from its first publication in 1793, it had been issued in German.

In many other ways, too, Bonaparte exercised a rigid supervision over the contents of the little red covered volume. In November, 1808, for instance, the edition for the ensuing year had just been worked off, when a body of French troops entered the office and destroyed the entire impression.

The only answer of the officer in charge when the proprietors expostulated was that he was acting under the orders of the emperor, and by the same authority he was also going to conduct the editor a prisoner to Paris. This was forthwith done, and there the trembling captive learned for the first time the nature of his offense. He had, it appeared, in obedience to the usual alphabetical rule governing such matters, opened his list of German princes with Anhalt.

Napoleon was furious. Was he not "protector of the Rhenish confederation"? Of course! Very well, then. He would be placed at the head of the Rhine nobles. In other words, the alphabet was made, at his express command, to begin with "N."

Worse still, from the point of view of the proprietors, Napoleon, having got him to return to Gotha, refused to permit him to return to Gotha, and the issues of the Almanach up to the period of the restoration of the Bourbons were printed and published in the French capital.

The result is a most extraordinary distortion of the historical incidents of those memorable years. No mention, for instance, is made of the battle of Trafalgar, and Wellington's peninsula campaign might have been a dream for all the notice accorded to it, while, on the other hand, all the doings of Bonaparte and the deeds of his "grand army" are chronicled in the most elaborate detail.

George III. is said to have offered the owners of the copyright £15,000 for the privilege of being included in its pages as "King of Corsica," only to meet with a flat refusal. This was in 1794.

Forty years later Don Carlos suddenly appeared in Spain at the head of a large army and sent a special messenger to Gotha asking to be recognized by the editor as the legitimate ruler of that distracted country. He, too, is said to have offered a considerable bribe, which was promptly declined.—London Chronicle.

The Japanese National Anthem.  
The Russian national anthem is quite a modern production, while the Japanese is, on the contrary, the oldest existing, and it may be also the shortest. It is known as "Kimigayo," and when translated means somewhat as follows: "May the reign of our sovereign endure for a thousand years, and for eight thousand more beyond that, until stones are not rocks any more, nor moss any longer grows thickly."

Although it is of immense antiquity, it has only been the official national anthem of Japan since that country first began to occidentalize itself.—St. James Gazette.

CASTORIA  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the  
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

# A TACTFUL REPLY.

It Brought Good Fortune in Theater Seats to a Woman.

There is an elderly woman in New York who invariably gets a dollar and a half seat in the first balcony of a Broadway theater for 50 cents just because she once made a tactful reply to the box office man. She had been in the habit of buying a seat for herself in the top gallery for some time without anything unusual happening, until one day she thanked the box office man for giving her a particularly good seat.

"I like to do it for you," he said. "You think I suppose," she replied, "that your mother is the dearest, sweetest woman in the world?"

"I do," the box office man declared gallantly.

"Well, then, that is the prettiest compliment I have ever received," she said smilingly, "and I thank you for it very much."

The next time she went to buy a fifty cent seat the man passed her out one for the first row in the balcony. "But I don't want to pay that much," she protested.

"Take it, with my compliments," he said. "It is my pleasure."

And he has kept the custom up now for more than two seasons.—New York Press.

# ALWAYS SAFE.

The Way Lee's Old Negro Kept Out of Jail.

When General Robert E. Lee was fighting Grant in "the last days" an old darky besieged headquarters with requests to see "the general." He was turned away a dozen times. But one day he succeeded in reaching the guard immediately in front of General Lee's tent. The attention which followed was overheard by General Lee, who called out: "Let that man come in." Then into the tent came the fellow, a rawboned, shuffling, gray headed, gnarled old darky, who scraped the ground with his foot and kept turning his hat around nervously in his hand.

"Well, where do you belong?" demanded General Lee.

"I belongs to y'r company, gin'ral," returned the darky.

"No, you don't," declared the general sharply. "Everybody in my company has been shot. How is it that you haven't been?"

"The darky scratched his head. Then from his twisted mouth came a confidential whisper: 'Well, yo' see, gin'ral, it's this a-way. I ain't been shot 'cause when dey's a fight goin' on I always stays with the gin'ral.'—Lippincott's.

# WEARING AN OPAL.

Constituting Superstitions About the Luck It Brings.

Mr. Thielson Dyer in his "Domestic Folklore" says that popular superstition makes it unlucky to wear an opal notwithstanding the fact that in the middle ages this lovely stone was thought to possess the united virtues of all the gems with whose distinctive colors it is emblazoned.

A writer in Notes and Queries points out that there are conflicting opinions on this subject of very early date, some writers stating that falling sight is restored by the wearing of an opal and others that the luck depends upon the color, a white opal being of fortunate import and a black one ominous of evil.

Sir Walter Scott in "Anne of Geierstein" ascribes to supernatural agency the loss of beauty in a Mexican opal when its iridescent surface is acted upon by water, and some trace to this the notion that as a love token its fiery or fading colors betoken faithfulness or falsity.

# The Sense of Smell.

The sense of smell is by no means so developed in man as in dogs, cats and other animals, but it often abnormally keen in individuals deprived of other senses. Blind deaf mutes, for example, can recognize their friends and form an opinion about strangers solely by means of this sense. Possibly, however, animals are only sensitive to certain smells while unconscious of others that affect us. If this be the case they would naturally be able to follow up one particular scent more easily than a man, this scent to which they are sensitive being to them less confused with others.—Chambers' Journal.

# Cloves.

Cloves are probably the greatest speculative article in the spice trade and have been so for many hundreds of years, because they have always come from small and restricted areas of cultivation and have been used as tribute, almost taking the place of money in ancient times. They have been mostly grown on the two small islands of Zanzibar and Pemba, on the east coast of Africa.

# One More Bride.

Mrs. Nubbins—My husband is a perfect brute. Friend—You amaze me. Mrs. Nubbins—Since the baby began teething nothing would quiet the little angel but pulling his papa's beard, and yesterday he went and had his beard shaved off.

# Consideration.

You may never know what harm an indifference may work, what despair a rebuff may brew. Your pulse of irritation under pressure of obligations might be the last feather weight to drive an oppressed soul into despairation.

# The Society Struggle.

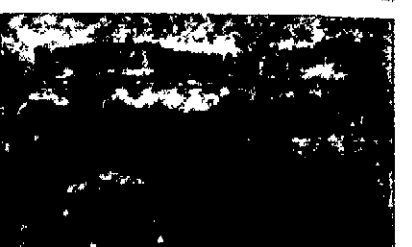
Ethel—Mamma, what is the society struggle? Mamma—Getting the clothes, daughter; getting the clothes—Philadelphia Inquirer.

# What Did They Know?

"Wealth," said the putative young plutocrat, "is not worth striving for."

"How do you know?" fiercely demanded the proletarian. "You don't have to strive for yours."

"That only shows, gentlemen," he rejoined sadly, "that you don't know how regretfully the governor looks up."—Chicago Tribune.



OF BOOK, MAILED FREE.  
A. A. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
B. B. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
C. C. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
D. D. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
E. E. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
F. F. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
G. G. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
H. H. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
I. I. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
J. J. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
K. K. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
L. L. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
M. M. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
N. N. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
O. O. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
P. P. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
Q. Q. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
R. R. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
S. S. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
T. T. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
U. U. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
V. V. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
W. W. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
X. X. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
Y. Y. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.  
Z. Z. PIERCE, Consulting Engineer, Indianapolis, Ind. Long Term, N.E. Perry.

# J. S. RIZOR, STOCK AND GRAIN BROKER.

Home Phone 105. 401 Opera House Bldg.

Private wire correspondence for The National Stock and Grain Exchange, Indianapolis, Ind., dealers in New York Stocks and Bonds, Chicago Grain and Provisions. One point margin taken on stocks. No interest charged. Apr 20-1m

# \$15,000.00 ABSOLUTELY FREE IN 90 CASH PRIZES.

Money in the Bank for That Purpose.  
World's Fair Game Contest.  
Total paid admissions Ohio World's Fair month of May were 1,000,000. What 50 you contribute total paid admission St. Louis World's Fair month of May? If your guess is the nearest correct, \$5,000 IS YOURS.

Take Me Back to the Old Farm.  
Why He is Dreaming.  
Provy and teaching ballads.  
Sweet Almonds.  
3-step for piano, now the sweeping craze in Cleveland and elsewhere.

Why Eastern West Broke.  
Bag money, every cent! With each piece of music you purchase of us you get a free guess to the

\$15,000 GUESS CONTEST.  
As this contest will close April 30, send in your guess at once.  
Your Choice 25c.  
On the four pieces for \$1.00 and four free guesses. Send your guesses with order.

POPULAR MUSIC CO.  
1241 Schofield Bldg. CLEVELAND, O.

JOHN DAPRATO,  
DEALER IN FINE  
Confectionery, Fruits, Ice Cream,  
Cigars and Cigarettes.  
Ice Cream Delivered to any Part City.  
Call Old Phone 1104. mek 9-1m

# WILL MONEY AID YOU? WE LOAN

on Household Furniture and other Personal Property. Business confidential.

# LIMA CHATTEL LOAN CO.

Both 'Phones.

309 Opera House Block.

DETROIT. LIMA. TOLEDO.

# Milton Reed & Co. BROKERS.

—Associated with—

W. W. MURRAY.

Grain, Provisions, Stocks and Cotton. Orders executed in

New York, Chicago, Detroit and Toledo Markets.

Handled for cash or on margins

References: banks and commercial agencies.

301 Opera House Bldg. Lima phone 222

# FAUROT OPERA HOUSE.

Matinee and Night.

Saturday, April 23rd, 1904,

The Powerful Scenic Production,

# A ROYAL SLAVE.

See the great Tropical Palm Island by moonlight. The gorgeous palace of the king. The great volcano in a state of eruption. Most bewildering display of











# IRON

## Market in Absence of Buying

## enters Its

### Interest in Meeting of Producers

### Renewal of Negotiations for Purchase of Clairton Steel Plant.

### Business Extends to Finished Material and Feeling Is Not Quite So Hopeful for Future Business—Options Off

Cleveland, April 21.—In its weekly review of the condition of the iron market, the Iron Trade Review says: "The absence of active buying, iron trade centers its interest this week in the meeting of Lake Superior iron producers at New York and renewal of negotiations for the purchase of the Clairton Steel Co., to the United States Steel Corporation. The sentiment is men insist that if there is an association all must enter it as a condition, so that ore for consumption connected steel works, ore on long time contracts and ore in the market in 1904 must be subject to one and the same rule. This would require the purchase of ore in the market by the steel corporation and would give firms well equipped with long time contracts little ore to sell in the market this year; but the creation of the association one interest is that any basis of agreement would be evaded and would make any that might be fixed merely nominal. So far as prices are concerned the views of the different iron works were only 20 cents apart and promise on that point alone is easy."

Renewal of negotiations for the purchase of the Clairton Steel Co., from the Crucible Co. of America, to the United States Steel Corporation is interesting in the same week with the ore meeting and the decision of the steel corporation not to take May from the Bessemer furnaces of the "Valley" and "Shelby" valleys. The corporation does not need the ore on furnaces and steel plant, but acquisition would mean the defeat of a competitor in steel and the selling of Clairton pig iron in the market. At the same time it would mean the end for many of the pig iron buying by the corporation in the open market. The meeting of Bessemer furnace companies in Cleveland, Saturday, accompanied by the statement of all negotiations on May iron with

the Steel Corporation were off. An extension of the option until April 26th, had been talked of, but this was not done. The prospect of further business for the merchant furnaces from the Steel Corporation is considered so remote that the Valley steel works project, long talked of as necessary, came day, to give furnaces in that district an outlet, is again up for discussion. The Bessemer pig iron market was not affected as yet by the action of the corporation. Sales at \$13.50 are reported in the past week. The quietness in pig iron extends to finished material and the feeling is not quite so hopeful, though no well defined ground for change in sentiment is found. The structural outlook is slightly better.

A forlorn, hopeless, melancholy face drives your friends away. For a bright sparkling, sunny face, use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, ten or tablet form, H. F. Vorkamp.

## TOLEDO MAN HAS A MANIA.

### Man of Prominent Cleveland Man Tries Suicide by Gas Route, But Fails.

New York, April 21.—A young man supposed to be Reed Harlow, of Toledo, O., a son of Captain W. J. Harlow, of Cleveland, was found unconscious in a Brooklyn lodging house today, having been overcome by gas, which had been left turned on apparently with suicidal intent. Several letters were left, stating that he wanted to commit suicide. His condition is said to be critical.

Captain W. J. Harlow when shown the above dispatch today, said that the would-be suicide was no doubt his son Reed Harlow. Captain Harlow said his son was only 15 years of age and knew of no reason why he wished to end his life. The boy left here several days ago without his father's knowledge.

### ALASKAN EXHIBIT TO SURPASS ALL ATTEMPTS.

Portland, Ore., April 21.—Governor Brady, of Alaska, has reached Portland from Sitka. The purpose of his coming at this time is to confer with the Lewis and Clark management concerning the Alaskan exhibit in 1905. The governor declares that the exhibit which his territory will make here next year will exceed by far that at St. Louis, which is itself the most elaborate ever exhibited by the Alaskan people.

### NORFOLK AND WESTERN MEN HAVE GRIEVANCE.

Portsmouth, O., April 21.—More than five hundred employees of the Norfolk and Western railroad shops and terminals, at this place, struck today and caused a complete suspension of operations in the shops. The grievance is a change of working hours which keeps the men on duty later in the day than before.

### NO ATTENTION PAID TO CASH AT WATSON'S CLOSING OUT SALE.

# LIMA

## Honored by Three Conventions

## At the Capitol.

### Chas. A. Hiatt Chosen Representative

### To the Supreme Tent Session of the Knights of the Maccabees.

### Mrs. Netta Sullivan Elected Chaplain of the Ohio L. O. T. M.—Grand Council of the Royal Arcanum Meets.

At the great camp meeting of the Knights of the Maccabees which closed in Columbus yesterday, Chas. A. Hiatt, of this city, was elected a supreme tent representative. At the triennial session of the Great Hive, of the Ladies of the Maccabees, which also closed in the capital city yesterday afternoon, Mrs. Netta Sullivan, of this city, wife of Conductor Oliver Sullivan, of the L. E. & W., was elected chaplain of the state organization. In the appointment of committees at the 27th annual session of the Grand Council of the Royal Arcanum, which opened in Columbus this morning, M. J. Sanford, of this city, was appointed a member of the committee on laws.

### K. O. T. M. Session.

At yesterday's session of the Great Camp, K. O. T. M., the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Grand commander, Prof. H. M. Parker of Elyria; great lieutenant commander, General W. H. Sletzer of Cleveland; great record keeper, Ed. L. Young, of Norwalk; great finance keeper, H. L. Minium of Vermilion; great medical examiner, Dr. J. M. Burns of Mansfield; great chaplain, Rev. T. J. White of North Baltimore; great sergeant, C. C. Cull of Columbus; great master-at-arms, S. H. Campbell of East Liverpool; great first guard, P. D. Schwartz of Cincinnati; great second guard, R. H. Lime of Columbus; great sentinel, T. A. Castell of Murray City; great picket, Walter A. Bennett of Cleveland.

### Markey's New Plan.

At the great camp meeting, Tuesday, Supreme Commander D. P. Markey of Port Huron, Mich., addressed the convention. He paid a high compliment to Ohio Great camp and its officers and to the Ohio members generally. He then submitted a plan whereby all fraternal organizations may be put upon a foundation as solid as the Rock of Ages and which will probably be accepted by the Maccabees.

It is such as will not disturb the

We have "painted the lily." Perfection is bettered. The "P. S." (Proprietary) tooth brush has a flexible handle. Something to be experienced, not described.

3 sizes—Adult's, Youth's, Child's—at all dealers. Always sold in the yellow box.

workings and will provide for the future without piling up a large surplus. He, with others, recognizes that something of the kind is necessary for the future, and he believes he has a happy solution of the problem without increasing the assessments of members during the time they most need protection.

At the afternoon session Wednesday the committee on location for the next convention in 1907 reported in favor of Toledo, and the report was adopted. L. O. T. M. Officers.

The Great Hive of the Ladies of the Maccabees elected the following officers:

Great commander, Mrs. Emma S. Olds, Elyria; great lieutenant commander, Mrs. Nellie C. V. Reppert, Akron; great finance keeper, Mrs. Mary E. Stuart, Cleveland; great record keeper, Mrs. Jessie K. Fager, Canton; chaplain, Mrs. Netta Sullivan, Lima; great sergeant, Dr. Catherine Esler, Cincinnati; great mistress-at-arms, Mrs. Carrie Williams, Sandusky; sentinel, Mrs. Clara Beery, Findlay; great picket, Mrs. Anna Green, of Columbus.

Mrs. Olds will determine upon the place of holding the next state convention of the L. O. T. M.

Broke into His House. S. LeQuinn, of Cavendish, Vt., was robbed of his customary health by invasion of chronic constipation. When Dr. King's New Life Pills broke into his house, his trouble was arrested and now he's entirely cured. They're guaranteed to cure, 25 cents at H. F. Vorkamp's drug store.

Building Stops Furnished Promptly. Phones Main 408; Lima 170. 62 4t

## WEDDINGS.

### Four Young People Made Happy Last Evening.

### Miss Emma Patterson the Bride of Mr. Chas. F. Rhodes—Miss Ruth Rise Wedded to A. G. Spees.

Last evening at 7:30 o'clock, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Patterson, at 523 west Spring street, occurred a very beautiful wedding, the contracting parties being their daughter, Emma, and Mr. Chas. F. Rhodes, of this city, Rev. W. A. Brundige, of the First Church of Christ officiating. The beautiful ceremony was performed in the presence of about twenty invited guests. Following the ceremony and congratulations, a three course supper was served. The young couple will make their future home at 520 south West street, where Mr. Rhodes had in waiting for his young bride, a well furnished home.

Mr. and Mrs. Rhodes are exemplary young people and have the best wishes of a legion of friends.

### Spees-Rise Wedding.

At the home of the officiating minister, Rev. W. A. Brundige, at 859 west Wayne street, last night at 8:30 o'clock occurred another pretty wedding, that of Alfred G. Spees and Miss Ruth Marie Rise, two of Lima's accomplished young people. They will reside at 453 north Metcalf street. Their many friends extend congratulations.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. E. R. Gallagher is at Grover Hill, O., on business. Miss Lydia Halwig has resigned her position at C. C. Bauers Dry Goods store, and has taken a position in the G. E. Blum's store.

There will be prayer meeting at the Jefferson street Mission, Friday evening at 7:30. A. E. Schultz will lead. PER.

Mrs. J. A. Straley and Miss Maud Chambers, of this city, were the guests Monday of Mrs. Floyd Smeltzer in Sidney.

Conductor Chas. Collier, of the C. H. & D., has moved his family from east McKibben street, to Tontogany. Mrs. Cantwell, of west High street is the guest of friends in Bellefontaine.

Mrs. F. J. Taubken and son Joseph, of Toledo, are the guests of relatives in this city.

Mrs. M. Kearns has returned from a visit in Bellefontaine.

The Ladies Aid Society of Jefferson street mission met for work Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. B. Cribbet. Lunch was served and the ladies spent a very pleasant afternoon.

## PASTEURIZED PURE MILK.

Everyone who has tried it has only words of praise for it. Prescribed by physicians, recommended by the highest medical authorities.

The Lima Creamery & Cold Storage Company can supply you daily.

# The Greatest Reduction in Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Suits.



Any Cloth Eaton Style Suit that formerly sold from \$18 to \$25, our early season cut price

## \$12.50

Women's Tailored Suits, this spring style, that sold from \$12 to \$15; our cut price

## \$8.95

This is positively a cash sale and suits cannot be taken out on approval.

## PEOPLE'S OUTFITTING CO.

54 PUBLIC SQUARE.



# No Spring Tonic

In the World is so Good as One of Our

# Spring Suits.

Nearly every man will dress anew in the near future. Good breeding and good clothes go hand in hand.

It is high time to get ready as the birds will soon be singing "In the Good Old Summer Time." Think of your wardrobe needs. Think of the store that's best able to fill them, and your footsteps will, without doubt, turn in this direction.

# H. A. ALBRECHT

THE AMERICAN CLOTHIER.

"MEET ME AT THE LIMA HOUSE CORNER."

# Carter & Carroll,

Successors to Carroll and Cooney.

## SEMI-ANNUAL SPECIAL

# Curtain Sale.

Friday and Saturday the last two days of our semi annual special CURTAIN SALE. Every Curtain in our store will be sold at special prices. Our stock consists not only of all the standard varieties of Lace, Net and Muslin Curtains, but is complete with the latest Foreign and Domestic Novelties. We are the acknowledged leaders in the Curtain and Drapery business in this city, and while our prices are always lower than other stores ask for goods of like quality, this sale will give you still greater opportunity for saving money.

## Irish Point Curtains.

and \$12.50 curtains for \$10.00  
00 curtains for \$8.50  
50 curtains for \$7.00  
50 curtains for \$6.50  
50 and \$6 curtains for \$5.00  
00 curtains for \$3.75  
75 and \$3.50 curtains for \$2.98  
75 curtains for \$1.98

## Soutache Curtains.

\$5.00 curtains for \$3.98  
\$7.50 curtains for \$5.00  
\$6.50 curtains for \$4.50  
\$8.50 curtains for \$6.00

## Novelty Nets.

\$5.00 nets for \$3.89  
\$3.50 nets for \$2.98  
\$2.75 nets for \$1.25

## Ciuny Curtains.

\$12.50 curtains for \$8.50  
\$10.00 curtains for \$7.50  
\$8.50 curtains for \$6.00  
\$6.50 curtains for \$4.50

## Odd Pairs.

\$20.00 Battenberg for \$10.00  
\$17.50 Arabian for \$13.50  
\$7.50 Irish Point for \$2.98  
\$10.00 Saxony Brussels for \$5.00  
\$6.00 Dentelle Arab for \$3.75  
\$5.00 Savoy for \$2.98

## Nottingham Curtains.

\$1.00 curtains marked to \$6c  
\$1.25 curtains marked to \$9c  
\$1.50 curtains marked to \$1.19  
\$1.75 curtains marked to \$1.39  
\$2.00 curtains marked to \$1.69  
\$2.50 curtains marked to \$2.00  
\$2.25 curtains marked to \$2.50  
\$3.50 curtains marked to \$2.75  
\$3.75 curtains marked to \$3.00

## Battenberg Curtains.

\$25.00 curtains for \$17.50  
\$12.00 curtains for \$7.50  
\$10.00 curtains for \$6.50  
\$8.50 curtains for \$6.00  
\$7.50 curtains for \$5.00

## Odd Pairs.

\$8.50 Soutache for \$5.00  
\$4.50 Arabian for \$2.98  
\$6.00 Motifany for \$4.00  
\$10.00 Irish Point for \$6.50  
\$3.50 Ruffled Bobinet for \$2.00  
\$2.00 Novelty net \$1.50

## Special Low Prices on Ruffled Muslin and Swiss Curtains.

# CARTER & CARROLL.

## MEMBERS BOLT CODE CONFERENCE.

Columbus, April 21.—Members Kimball, Welker, Carle and Treadway, of the house conference committee on school code bolted the meeting today at noon. The majority of the committee having determined to recommend the flexible board plan. The bolting members will present a minority report and will take no further part in the deliberations of the committee.

## ANOTHER RUSH COMING.

Washington, April 21.—The secretary of the interior has approved the instructions of the commissioner of the general land office providing for the opening of 248,743 acres of land of the former Chippewa Indian reservations in Minnesota at 9 a. m., June 15, next.

## TRAINS ALL RUNNING GUARDED BY TROOPS.

Budapest, April 21.—The negotiations with the railroad strikers are proceeding with every prospect of success on the basis of a general amnesty and the right of meeting to discuss the wage question. A couple of passenger trains were despatched today, guarded by military.

## MASSILON HAS A NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, April 21.—The president today sent to the senate the following nomination:  
Postmaster: Ohio, Louis A. Koons, Massilon.

WATSON IS IN A HURRY AND YOU HAD BETTER BE.

# There's a Cyclone Coming.



# The Famous 99c. Store.

124 North Elizabeth Street.

## OLD BILL RESURRECTED.

Washington, April 21.—During the morning hour, Mr. Warren sought to secure consideration of a bill providing for the payment of the claim of the heirs of Warren Mitchell of Louisville, Ky., for \$128,692 on account of cotton seized during the civil war, but

the effort was antagonized by Messrs. Aldrich, Spooner and other senators. He then moved to proceed to the consideration of the bill and on a roll call the motion prevailed 40 to 19. Mr. Spooner said the bill was a very old one and Mr. Warren contended that nevertheless it was meritorious.





The Italian is the worker in the wheatfields of the Argentine.

Sometimes the hired man needs a starter just as much as the cream does to fit it for churning.

Hen manure may be used for a lawn dressing to advantage if mixed with three times its bulk of earth. It should be used very sparingly.

No matter if seeds do retain their vitality more than one year, we would always use seed of the previous year's growth. If we could, age with seeds usually means impairment.

Florida produced 2,000,000 boxes of oranges the past season. The plantations have largely recovered from the disastrous freeze of a few years ago, and the crop will increase yearly from now on.

The Frenchman has learned how to use the culta of American apple orchards in the shape of dried apples and manufacture a dry champagne which when sent over here graces the boards of our nabobs.

The Jersey two-year-old cow Tomona IX, sold during the year 1933 \$32.38 worth of high priced feed, but her milk product sold for \$250. She gave an average of twenty-two pounds of milk per day, but it was nearly all cream.

We saw a ten acre field of red clover the other day in which there must have been at least last season a thousand pocket gobblers, for they had literally honeycombed the field from end to end. This fellow is a great pest in the clover fields.

A graceful trailing vine of some sort always adds beauty to a porch or a recessed corner of the house. The Virginia creeper, the rambler roses, the moon flower, the passion flower, and clematis can each be used with much satisfaction.

The value of a succulent ration for stock in winter, especially the dairy cow, the brood sow, the ewe and the poultry, is conceded by all, and while various root crops will furnish such a ration it still can be more easily and cheaply secured through the silo than in any other way.

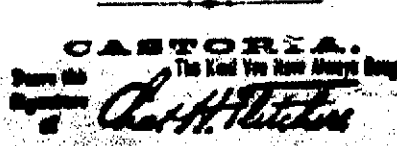
An agricultural journal formulating a dairy ration for one of its readers advises giving the cow all the wheat straw she will eat in connection with other foods. We do not believe that wheat straw or sawdust has any place on the bill of fare for the dairy cow. There is about as much milk in wheat straw as there is in a fence post.

Adulteration of food products has gone further in the line of sweets from the maple tree and buckwheat flour than in almost any other thing. No man who handles these products is expected to guarantee their genuineness, and if he does he is not believed. Every state should have a pure food law not to prevent adulteration, but to compel the selling of such adulterated food products for just what they are.

The very finest quality of wheat, oats, barley and flax that we have ever seen produced in this country came from the far north, where it is nip and tuck for these cereals to mature between spring and fall frosts. The quality of these cereals is not only high, but the yield is immense in the good crop years, but it looks like taking quite a risk to run the chance of a frost when the wheat is in the milk or a six inch fall of snow when the oats are well in bloom.

A very attractive bit of lawn decoration can be made with a dozen cannaes, using for the center of the bed a plant of the dark foliaged type and surrounding this with others of medium height with the outside row made up of the dwarf kinds. This arrangement is for a circular bed, and they want a very rich sandy soil and during the hot weather all the water they can get. They should not be set out until the last of May, and will cost about a dollar for plants at your greenhouse.

A friend has a dozen thrifty hard maple shade trees with trunks six inches in diameter growing where he does not want them and wants to know if he can successfully remove them to another location. A tree as large as these and presumably with a heavy and wide spreading top, as such trees would usually have grown where they had plenty of room, could not well be moved and have it live unless the top was also mostly removed. As most of the feeding roots of such a tree would be cut off in the process of removal, it would be necessary to cut back the top to correspond, and in the case of so large a tree the mutilation would be a severe shock. We have set many shade trees out—maples and elms—and have always had the best success by trimming the top down to a bare pole.



Does your wife have a supply of soft water? If not you should get it for her at once.

We note that the men who most strongly advocate the keeping of dual purpose cows do not keep them.

A plant of alfalfa ten feet from root to tip was grown on the Colorado desert from the seed in seven months under irrigation.

The hired man will take kindly to cleaning up the barnyard when you give him a manure spreader to work with, though he always hated the job done in the old way.

The Cuban reciprocity treaty, or a large supply, has brought around the time when the people are getting twenty pounds of sugar for \$1. They ought never to get any less and should get more.

It is said that a little vaseline rubbed on the teats of a cow that is hard to milk with dry hands will answer every purpose of lubrication and make such cows easy to milk. It is worth trying.

Fore-sight is a most valuable trait for a farmer to cultivate. His present is so closely linked with his future that if he cannot look ahead his chance of winning success is slim. Varying present conditions compel equally varying future ones.

It is the woman who has much to do with the unsurpassed excellence of Dutch cheese and Danish butter, and the best type of European women in the matter of health, strength and beauty is found in direct connection with the dairy business.

We note that the English sparrow has a great liking for the long and pliant fibers which are to be found on all telegraph and telephone poles when they get the nest building fever on. We saw a dozen of these birds at work on one pole the other day busily stripping the fiber off.

One of the very best types of European agriculture is to be found in Holland on lands reclaimed from the ocean, and which lie twenty feet below the level of the ocean, protected from it by dikes. These lands, largely in grass, are made to produce an annual income of \$100 per acre and over.

A growing industry and a new one is the production of bulbs on the islands in Puget sound, where climatic and soil conditions favor the production of bulbs—lilies, tulips, gladioluses, hyacinths—in every way the equal of those produced in Holland, a country which has enjoyed a monopoly of the business for centuries.

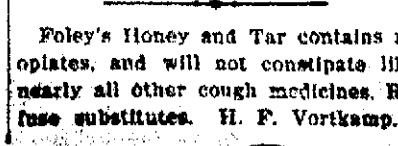
One very pleasing feature of the present spring is the reappearance of the bluebirds in large numbers. For several years they entirely disappeared, and we thought we had entirely lost this most cheery harbinger of spring, but here he is back again, ready to go to housekeeping as of old in the box you have prepared for him.

We think that the owner of the sandy farm is more to be pitied than any other farmer. The wild whips his fields, in a dry season he can raise nothing and in a wet one his fertilizers are leached away and largely lost. We could stand a billy farm, a flat and wet one, a stiff clay and quite a sprinkling of rocks, but would steer clear of the sandy farm.

The breakfast food craze has about subsided. Scores of concerns which claimed for a tablespoonful of parched wheat or other grain a nutritive value equal to a pound of beefsteak have gone to the wall and quit business. Breakfast food is all right, and a few of the old standbys in oat and wheat preparations survive, while the high priced trash has almost disappeared, to the great relief of the retail grocers all over the country.

Very primitive methods still prevail on many of the best farms in Europe. The wooden plow still tills the rich soil of the Nile valley. The scythe still cuts the harvest of hay and grain in the Netherlands. The wheatfields of England are still gleaned by the women, as in the days of Boaz. The cultivated area of the island of Jersey is nearly all sward over by hand. Dogs take the place of horses as haulers of produce in Belgium, and the vast beet fields of Germany represent an almost infinite amount of patient and unceasing hand labor.

Science is doing more for agriculture and its allied branches today than for any other profession. In the line of manufacturing, mining, transportation and engineering it would seem as though the limit of improvement was well nigh reached, while with agriculture the field of possibilities is every day widening. The abundance and cheapness of land in the past, which made it possible and easier to draw upon the earth's stored fertility than to devise ways and means of conserving such fertility and increasing the yield of farm products, have come to a full stop, and the question of fewer acres, larger crops, a more humane and intelligent treatment of the soil confronts every farmer. Within five years more has been learned about soil physics, the value of improved seed and breeds of domestic animals, the numerous insect and bacterial pests which beset the crops and stock, than during the entire period of agricultural development in this country. This most valuable knowledge is constantly increasing in power and widening in its scope through the medium of agricultural journals, experiment stations and farm institutes.



Will be paid by the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., if they cannot show the original signature of the individual vouching for the testimonial below, and also of the writers of every testimonial among the thousands which they are constantly publishing, thus proving their genuineness.

"For about two years I suffered from a very obstinate case of dyspepsia," writes E. E. Reed, 330 E. 1st St., Erie, Pa. "I tried a great number of remedies without success. I finally lost faith in them all. I was so far gone that I could not get a long time sleep. I was in a very bad way. I had lost my appetite and was depressed. Some four months ago a friend recommended your 'Golden Medical Discovery.' After a week's treatment I had derived so much benefit that I continued the medicine. I have taken three bottles and am convinced it has in my case accomplished a permanent cure. I can conscientiously recommend it to the thousands of dyspeptics throughout the land."

A man can succeed and be strong if he heeds Nature's warnings. When there is indigestion, loss of appetite, ringing in the ears, dizziness, spots before the eyes or palpitation of the heart; any or all of these symptoms point to weakness below, and also of the writers of every testimonial among the thousands which they are constantly publishing, thus proving their genuineness.

"Golden Medical Discovery" contains no alcohol and is entirely free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics. It is strictly a temperance medicine. Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing just as good for diseases of the stomach. The "Common Sense Medical Adviser," 1000 pages, in paper covers, is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps, with prepayment of mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Grotto of Shells. At Margate can be seen a most curious and interesting relic of pagan times. It was discovered there in 1837. It is a subterranean passage and cavern supported by a central column and arched roof, whose walls are formed of a beautiful mosaic of small English shells imbedded in cement. An area of 2,000 feet is ornamented in this way, with panels containing various symbols, including the sun, moon, stars, fire, flowers, fruit, fish, birds and implements of warfare. There is no emblem of the Christian faith, and it is conjectured that this chamber was constructed about 2,000 years ago as a burial place by some wealthy person during the Roman occupation of Britain.

Rossini's Reminders. King Louis of Portugal years ago promised to send Rossini a pipe of port of a vintage of which specimens have only been preserved in the royal cellars. The wine did not arrive, but the maestro was not a man to allow a promise to be forgotten. Accordingly he took up his pen and indited to his Portuguese majesty the following reminder: "You promised me some port wine, sire, and it has not arrived. Your majesty has certainly not forgotten your promise, for sovereignty never forgets, but allow me to remind you that I am old and that at my age there is no time to be lost."

Language of the Future. Speech, whether by written or spoken word, is too crude and slow to keep pace with the needs of the now, swiftly according mind. The mind is feeling about already for more perfect forms of human intercourse than telegraphed or telephoned words. However little we know of it—however little we believe it—telepathy theoretically is the next stage in the evolution of language.—Professor Henry Drummond.

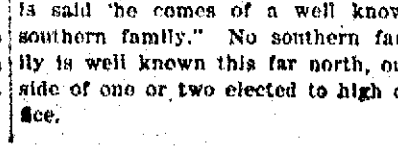


Faithful Eskimo Dog. The dog is the only domestic animal the Eskimo has, but he manages to make about as much use of it as we do of several different beasts. It takes the place of the horse, dragging him and his family long distances over the frozen stretches; it guides him with unerring scent to the tiny opening in the snow which marks the breathing hole of the hidden seal; it rounds up bear and musk ox for the master to kill, and when the hunt is over, the dog is the family it yields up its life to feed the family it has served so faithfully and its coat to keep them warm.

The Age of the Oak. The extreme limit of the age of the oak is not exactly known, but sound and living specimens are at least a thousand years old. The tree thrives best in a deep, tenacious loam, with rocks in it. Stagnant water is one of its aversions. It grows better on a comparatively poor, sandy soil than on rich ground imperfectly drained. The trunk, at first inclined to be irregular in shape, straightens at maturity into a grand, cylindrical shaft. The oak does not produce good seed until it is more than six years old.

Testimony of a Minister. Rev. Jno. S. Cox, of Wake, Ark., writes: "For 12 years, I suffered from yellow jaundice. I consulted a number of physicians and tried all sorts of medicines, but got no relief. Then I began the use of Electric Bitters and feel that I am now cured of a disease that had me in its grasp for twelve years." If you want a reliable medicine for liver and kidney trouble, stomach disorder or general debility, get Electric Bitters. It is guaranteed by H. F. Vortkamp. Only 50c.

Somehow we are never impressed with the stranger in town of whom it is said "he comes of a well known southern family." No southern family is well known this far north, outside of one or two elected to high office.



# FARES TO ST. LOUIS.

World's Fair Excursions via Pennsylvania Lines.

The sale of excursion tickets over Pennsylvania Lines to St. Louis, account of World's Fair, will begin on Monday morning, April 23rd, five days in advance of the date of the formal opening of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

The excursion fares from Lima, O., are fixed as follows:

Tickets good for the season, returning any time to December 15th, will be sold every day at \$16.70 for the round trip.

Tickets good returning within sixty days, not later than December 15th, will be sold every day at \$12.70 for the round trip.

Tickets good returning within 15 days will be sold every day at \$12.35 for the round trip.

Coach excursion tickets, with return limit of seven days, will be sold twice a week, every Tuesday and Thursday, beginning May 17th, until June 30th, at \$8.05 for the round trip approximately one cent a mile. Coach excursion tickets are restricted to day coaches, whether on regular or special trains.

For further particulars consult J. W. Reed, ticket agent. d&w tll apr 25

# A Love Letter.

Would not interest you if you're looking for a guaranteed safe for Sorens, Burns or Piles. Otto Dodd, of Ponder, Mo., writes: "I suffered with an ugly sore for a year, but a box of Buckle's Astringent Salve cured me. It's the best salve on earth. 25c at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store."

When a girl gets married, she is indignant if the groom does not receive as much attention as herself in the wedding notice, but a year later, if she received more attention in the wedding notice than her husband, she throws it up to him.

# NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Leroy H. Hume, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of Leroy H. Hume, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 22nd day of March, A. D. 1934.

J. M. KIER, Administrator.

# NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Olive Boop, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of Olive Boop, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 28th day of March, A. D. 1934.

GEORGE S. BOOP, Administrator.

# NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of John S. O'Connor, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as executor of the estate of John S. O'Connor, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 20th day of March, A. D. 1934.

BRIDGET O'CONNOR.



# WE CURE MEN!

We Treat and Cure Nervous debility, Nervous Prostration, Mental Depression, Impotency, Sexual Weakness, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Syphilis, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Stricture, Pimples, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Loss of Appetite, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Constipation, Varicocele, etc.

Ladies! All diseases peculiar to your sex successfully treated. You may consult us in confidence, no matter what the trouble may be.

Young Men Who suffer from fearful effects of self abuse as to aversion to the society of ladies, despondency, loss of energy, failing memory, nervousness, palpitation of the heart, weak back, stunted development, increasing nervous exhaustion and wrecked or lascivious dreams. You may be in the first stage, but are fast approaching the last. Do not let false pride or sham modesty prevent you from obtaining relief now.

Middle-Aged Men. Old men who suffer from premature old age as a result of youthful indiscretions or excess of latter years; who are troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, or by finding a milky or ropy sediment in the urine, and on account of this unnatural waste and loss of vitality are unfit for business or marriage. You can positively be restored to manly vigor.

Syphilis. We Cure Syphilis, no matter of how long standing.

Inflammation Of prostate and bladder, gleet, etc., instantly relieved and permanently cured.

Varicocele Cured in five days by our special treatment. No detention from your daily work.

You take no chances treating with us. Reference: Banks, Newspapers, and the best business and professional men in the city. Established in 1897.

Delays are fatal. Consult us at once. Consultation free to all. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 9 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. PAYTON & CO., SPECIALISTS. Opposite Court House, Metropolitan Block, Rooms 13 and 15, second floor. LIMA, OHIO.

# APPEARING OLD

Acts as a Bar to Profitable Employment.

You cannot afford to grow old. In these days of strenuous competition it is necessary to maintain, as long as possible, one's youthful appearance. It is impossible to do this without retaining a luxuriant growth of hair.

The presence of Dandruff indicates the presence of a burrowing germ which lives and thrives on the roots of the hair until it causes total baldness. Newbro's Herpicide is the only known destroyer of this pest, and it is as effective as it is delightful to use.

Herpicide makes an elegant hair dressing as well as a Dandruff cure. Accept no substitute—there is none. Sold by leading druggists. Send 50c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

Write M. Melville, Special Agent.

# LEGAL NOTICE.

Eugene Garau as Executor of the Last Will and Testament of David L. Garau, Deceased.

Defendants.

Defendants will take notice that on the 12th day of March, 1934, plaintiff, as executor of the last will and testament of David L. Garau deceased, filed his petition in the court of common pleas of Allen county, Ohio, which case is numbered 11833 against Della Krumen and Adolph G. Gahs who reside at Lerette, Kentucky, Mary Donze, a resident of Lincoln, Nebraska, children of Julia Estelle Gahs, deceased, and Laura Lefell, Leah Garau, Eliza G. Garau and Nadine Garau, children of William Garau deceased, who reside in the Republics of Switzerland and France in the grand division of Europe. The prayer of the petition is that the court give judgment and direction in regard to the true construction of the will of David L. Garau, deceased. Said defendants, heirs of Julia Estelle Gahs and William Garau, deceased, are required to answer and set up any claims they may have under said will or otherwise in regard thereto by the 33rd day of April, 1934, or they will be considered in default for answer.

EUGENE GARAU, As Executor of the Last Will and Testament of David L. Garau, Deceased.

By WELTY & DOWNING, His Attorneys.

131-mo-tu-sw

# NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Jacob Crites deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as executor of the estate of Jacob Crites late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 26th day of March, A. D. 1934.

STEPHEN D. CRITES.

# SHERIFF'S SALE.

Richard A. Groves and Homer Ellsworth Grove, Plaintiffs, vs. Samuel S. Grove, et al., Defendants.

Allen County Common Pleas Court. By virtue of a writ of sale, issued from the court of common pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, in this case for partition, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the county house in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, on

Saturday, May 7th, A. D. 1934, between the hours of one o'clock p. m.

Between the hours of two and four o'clock, in the afternoon, at the east door of the court house, in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, the following described real estate, situate in the county of Allen and state of Ohio, to-wit:

Lot number fifty-two hundred and seventeen (5217) of Stoner's addition to the city of Lima, Ohio; also twenty-three (23) feet of land on the west side of lot number fifty-two hundred and sixteen (5216) according to the original plat records in plat book 4, page 61, of Stoner's addition, the exact line of said premises hereby conveyed being the same line as if the line that separates lot fifty-two hundred and ten (5210) and fifty-two hundred and eleven (5211) was extended north on said plat, would be the east line of said twenty-three (23) feet, said premises being on the east side of Metcalf street, between the Elida road and the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company's right of way, and being house number 514 north Metcalf street.

Appraised at \$1500.00.

Terms of sale: Cash.

Lima, Ohio, March 25, 1934.

WILLIAM FIFTH, Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of John Hell, deceased.

Motter, Mackenzie & Weadock, Attorneys.

# LEGAL NOTICE.

Ernest Tibbs, whose place of residence is unknown, will take notice that on the 16th day of March, 1934, Anna L. Tibbs, filed her petition in the court of common pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, being cause number 11842 praying for a divorce from the said Ernest Tibbs, on the ground of wilful absence, and said cause will be for hearing on or after the 2nd day of May, 1934.

ANNA L. TIBBS, Motter, Mackenzie & Weadock, attorneys.

# NOTICE TO CITIZENS OF LIMA, O.

The Board of Public Safety will hold an examination for applicants for positions on the police and fire departments Friday evening, April 15, 1934, 7 o'clock, at council chamber, city building. Examination applicants for promotion will be held same hour and place. Scope of examination will be qualifications, writing, spelling, arithmetic, and geographical knowledge of Lima. For further information apply to clerk of board.

By order of the Board of Public Safety.

E. R. FOSTER, Clerk.

# NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the auditor's office, Allen county, Ohio, until 12 o'clock, noon, central standard time, April 20th, 1934, for grading, curbing, excavating and paving with vitrified brick the Lima and Spencerville road from the present paving at the Getsemani cemetery west to a point eleven hundred feet, according to the terms, conditions, plans and specifications on file in the county surveyor's office.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check of five hundred (\$500) dollars on some Lima bank. The board of commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners.

GEO. FELTZ, Auditor, Allen County, O.

March 18, 1934.

# NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of James M. Sealts, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as executor of the estate of James M. Sealts, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 1st day of February, A. D. 1934.

M. F. SEALTS, Executor. Motter, Mackenzie & Weadock, attorneys.

# ERIE RAILROAD.

Time Table Effective Dec. 27, 1932.

No. 7 Pacific Express for Chicago. Daily. 1:38 a.m.

21 Chicago accommodation. Daily except Sunday. 3:43 a.m.

S. N. Y. Chicago Ltd. Daily. 11:35 a.m.

13 Wells Fargo Express. Daily. 4:29 p.m.

8 N. Y. and Columbus. Daily. 3:57 a.m.

22 Marion and Columbus. Daily except Sunday. 3:21 a.m.

4 N. Y. and Boston. Daily. 4:25 p.m.

14 Wells Fargo Express. Daily. except Sunday. 9:32 p.m.

Trains 13 and 14 will not carry baggage.

Trains 3 and 4 carry through coach Chicago to Columbus.

# C. H. & D. RAILROAD.

No. 7 Daily, leaves Lima. 2:10 a.m.

11 Daily ex. Sunday, leaves. 5:30 a.m.

1 Daily ex. Sunday, leaves. 8:55 a.m.

5 Daily, leaves. 12:41 p.m.

3 Daily, leaves. 4:10 p.m.

2 Daily, leaves. 6:10 p.m.

12 Daily, except Sunday. 9:35 p.m.

13 Daily, leaves. 2:35 a.m.

14 Daily, leaves ex. Sunday. 5:30 a.m.

2 Daily, leaves ex. Sunday. 8:05 a.m.

6 Daily, leaves. 11:57 a.m.

4 Daily ex. Sunday, leaves. 4:25 p.m.

10 Daily, leaves. 6:05 p.m.

10 Daily ex. Sunday, arrives. 9:00 p.m.

60 Sunday only, leaves. 7:48 a.m.

60 Sunday only, arrives. 9:55 p.m.

# DETROIT SOUTHERN.

Change of time on Detroit Southern Railroad, in effect January 31, 1934:

No. 1 Daily





a will have 1,000,000 tons of to sell this year.

on in Texas and potatoes in Col- were two of the most profitable grown last year.

rigid inspection by the state of milk sold in the cities always in- the average of butter fat in the

side of the average horse is about \$3. It pays to save it. leather goods are made of horse- man people have any idea of.

average earnings of the agricul- turing class in Russia is said to be 28 per cent, and out of this the ment takes the sum of \$48 as

en can say, all told, about 600 and it will take her eight or nine to do it. Most of these will be during the second and third years life.

land where a good crop of cot- may be grown in this country l be considered cheap at \$100 are in view of the probable fu- rices of the staple.

n the white frosted and snow are seen migrating northward, is always warm weather not far from them. They are the most reli- all wild fowl in this particular.

ches and plums from Cape Town to be had on the Cleveland (O.) t fresh and nice, brought from in cold storage, this during Feb- which is the South African fall year.

is nothing now here or ever to be here in the line of trans- which can compete with a car which will stop at any house and take on the farmer's and her basket of eggs.

es differ much in the matter of s. For us like the canna, a um bed, a group of branching by all means a bed of salvia, s and nasturtiums. There are others, but these will always re- me.

onions which were slow sale last 40 cents a bushel are in sharp d this spring at \$2 per bushel er. But, then, we did not know e market would take this sort of . The onion is the most uncer- all crops.

ugh much of the west farmers ore to learn how to raise a crop toos than how to improve their r their dairies. Not one farmer uty where the writer lives raised enough potatoes for his own d has to buy what he gets at a bushel.

ighest valuation quoted on any e stock in this country is on the ees railway in Alaska, which ed at \$675 per hundred dollar t is 120-miles long and pays a cent dividend annually. It very llustrates the money value of absolutely free from competi-

plants, such as the cabbage, cel- masto, pepper and eggplant, most grown from the seed and all raised from the seed or nuts are benefited by transplanting young one or more times before setting out. They thus obtain a stocky habit and a large root and invariably make fine and plants and trees.

standard varieties of apples- rts which the money is made are invariably prolific fruiters, which some men overlook in se- their orchard stock. Many of the best apples in quality are such old uncertain bearers that they uly unprofitable to raise. It is ality of productiveness and re- which places such apples as s, Ben Davis, Patten's Green- longfield in high favor. When e of fruit is planted one knows have apples to sell.

ious risk is always run when on is imported from a latitude or two hundred miles to the of where it is to be used. The Illinois grown seed in Wiscon- north half of Iowa, South Da- Minnesota is almost sure to rouble, as such seed simply can- l will not mature a crop in the eason of the territory alluded is better to have a field of corn et high, with forty bushels of ound corn to the acre, than a corn twelve feet high and six- eels of soft corn to the acre, risk in run right here whenever ough of the big seed houses, o often entirely ignore the "act d to.

says I grow more beautiful me he sees me don't you ask him to call off-

**THE OAT CROP.**  
The oat crop of the country is yearly decreasing in importance. It is one of the most valuable nitrogenous foods produced on American farms, and its use in various forms as cereal foods for a man is increasing by leaps and bounds year by year, a fact which speaks volumes for the good sense of the American people from a dietetic standpoint. The sturdy physique and morality of the Scotch people have long been properly credited to a happy combination of oatmeal and the shorter (cattchism). The production of this crop is not keeping pace with the increasing demand, and the lack of increase in acreage is further aggravated by quite a general deterioration of the product in all the latitude south of 42 degrees, largely owing to the use of run out seed grain and the attempt to grow the crop in a mixed and unconsolidated course of rotation. The oat belt is commonly supposed to be synonymous with the corn belt, save that oats may be raised, giving larger yields and better quality, far to the north of such corn belt. While the increase in acreage from 1890 to 1899 was 75 per cent, or from 16,144,000 acres to 28,320,000 acres during the decade, from 1890 to 1900 the increase in area given to oats was barely 1,200,000 acres, the corn crop crowding the oat crop out. The export demand, because of the higher prices which have prevailed during the past four years, has dropped from 74,000,000 bushels in 1898 to 5,000,000 in 1903, while the average price for contract oats on the Chicago market has been 22 cents for 1900, 32 cents for 1901, 37 cents for 1902 and 34 cents for 1903. The seed oats this spring through all the territory south of the latitude named, or covering what is known as the best of the corn belt, will be the poorest we have ever known sown, and unless nature by some sort of a miracle reverses the natural law providing that a man shall reap as he sows the prospect for the 1904 crop is anything but encouraging. We have previously urged the importance of changing seed, of getting seed grain from the more northerly sections—the northern half of Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba—and believe that therein lies the secret of vastly improving the yield and quality of the crop all through the corn belt. Oats grown south of latitude 42 are just like potatoes—bound to run out and deteriorate. What with the smut—which may be so easily prevented by soaking the seed in a formalin solution—the use of deteriorated seed and the sowing of the crop on rich land previously in corn, resulting in too much straw and imperfect development of the grain, has brought about the poor and profitless crop of thirty bushels of oats to the acre, weighing twenty-eight pounds to the bushel.

**A DISGRACE.**  
The country schoolhouse should certainly be as attractive in appearance as the country homes which surround it, but it is very rarely the case. The average country schoolhouse with its surroundings is an utterly neglected and repulsive thing, a blur on an otherwise beautiful rural landscape, of dog kennel type of architecture, a lone tree or two trying to battle for existence in a hard soil or recover from the mutilation caused by using it for a hitching post, surrounded by a dilapidated fence and pleading for a coat of paint and an expression of patriotism from the men and women who send their boys and girls there to be educated. These things need not be and should not be. Local pride should make the schoolhouse and its grounds pleasant and attractive. It costs but little to set out a dozen good trees and care for them a few years. It needs a little paint and patriotism, just one or two women to make a kick, and it would be remedied in short order.

**WHEN HE COMES WEST.**  
When a man from the east comes west and goes to working a farm he has some queer experiences. Trained all his life on the eastern farm to habits of the most rigid economy and saving, he is appalled at the seeming wastes on every hand connected with western agriculture. He quickly finds out that his western farm is too large and too productive to permit of the eastern ways. From the sheer force of circumstances he is forced to see lots of weeds grow in his cornfield, more or less waste of crops in the harvesting owing to the methods employed, little losses and wastes here and there all the time, just because there is so much stuff and so little help to care for it all. He does not like it at all at first, but finally comes to the sensible conclusion that if a thing costs more to save than it is worth when saved it is best to let it alone.

**GRASSES AS FERTILIZERS.**  
There are some very erroneous notions as to the value of grasses as fertilizers. All the clovers are fertilizers of the first quality. Timothy is in no sense a fertilizer, but as much of a soil robber as any of our cereal crops. In fact, when it is allowed to produce a crop of seed it is worse than any of them. Blue grass is not a soil fertilizer, but the growing of it involves pasturing the field, and the turf when turned over and decayed furnishes a valuable supply of humus for the soil. All the grasses are weed killers and in this way benefit the land, but the clovers alone really regenerate the soil. The great cry of the farms both east and west is for more clover.

**Bodily pain loses its terror if you have a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the house. Instant relief in cases of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.**

**Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil**

## SENSES OF ANIMALS.

WONDERFUL DEVELOPMENT OF THE POWER OF SIGHT AND SMELL.

The Moth is a Marvel in Mechanism of Scent—The Various Other Glands in Animals and Their Peculiar Functions in Leaving Trails.

In walking through a zoological park or a natural history museum, the great difference between birds and animals—er, more correctly, mammals—in regard to color is noticeable. Many of the feathered creatures have brilliant tints and hues, and the coats of hair of the four footed kindred, the deer, the bears and the monkeys, are comparatively dull colored. The reason for all this is most interesting and, when unlocked from its hard sheathing of scientific words, will add pleasure to any visit we may pay hereafter to a zoo, a museum or even a circus.

Birds and animals have no system of postcodes, no letters or even addresses. When the children of the jungle and desert are lost, no policeman or detective hastens to find them, no telephone or telegraph aids the search. Yet without any of these necessities the wild creatures have wonderful systems of communication—more accurate and trustworthy than any we can ever hope to invent. The five senses (and perhaps a mysterious sixth, of which we can only guess) are the telephones and the police, the automatic alarms and sentinels of our wild friends. Our own abilities in using eyes, nose and ears are pitiful when compared with the same functions in birds and animals.

Eyes and noses are important keys to the bright colors of birds and the comparative somberness of hairy coated creatures. Take a dog and an oriole as good examples of the two extremes. When a dog has lost his master, he first looks about. He strains his eyes with the intense expression of a shortsighted person, and after a few moments of this usually yelps with disappointment, drops his nose to the ground, and with unflinching accuracy follows the track of his master. When the freshness of the trail tells him that he is near its end he resorts to eyes again, and in now near enough to recognize the face he seeks. A fox when running before a bound may double back and make a close reconnaissance near his trail, passing in full view without the bound's seeing him or stopping in following out the full curve of the trail ahead, so completely does the wonderful power of smell absorb the entire attention of the dog.

Now turn to the oriole. As we might imagine, the nostrils incased in horn render the sense of smell of slight account. It is hard to tell how much a bird can distinguish in this way—probably only the odor of food near at hand. When we examine the eye of our bird we find a sense organ of a very high order. Bright, intelligent, full circled, of great size compared to the bulk of the skull, protected by three complete eyelids, we realize that this must play an important part in the life of the bird. There are, of course, many exceptions to such a generalization as this. For instance, many species of sparrows are dull colored. We must remember that the voice—the calls and songs of birds—is highly developed, and in many instances renders bright coloring needless in attracting the mate or locating a young bird.

As we have seen, the sense of smell is very highly developed among our four footed animals, but to make this efficient there must be something for it to set on, and in this regard we find some interesting facts of which little has been written outside of scientific text books. Birds have only one gland on the entire body—the oil gland above the base of the tail, which supplies an unctuous dressing for the feathers. Birds, therefore, have not the power of sweating, but make up for this by very rapid breathing. Four footed animals, on the contrary, have glands on many portions of the body. Nature is seldom contented with the one function which an organ or tissue primarily performs, but adjusts and adapts it to others in most ingenious ways; hence when an animal perspires the pores of its skin allow the contained moisture to escape and moisten the surface of the body, but in addition to this, in many animals, collections of these pores in the shape of large glands secrete various odors which serve important uses. In the skunk such a gland is a practically perfect protection against attacks from his enemies. He never hurries and does not know what fear is—a single wave of his conspicuous danger signal is sufficient to clear his path. It is said that the puma, great horned owl and harpy eagle have been known to attack and kill skunks. They must have been very hungry indeed!

In certain species of the rhinoceros there are large glands in the foot. These animals live among grass and herbage, which they brush against as they walk and thus "blaze" a plain trail for the mate or young to follow. There are few if any animals which are so well protected as the rhinoceros, so the scent is incidentally useful to other creatures as a warning.

It is believed that the hard callouses on the legs of horses are the remains of glands which were once upon a time useful. "Clivet," which is obtained from the civet cat, and "muski" from the queer little hornless musk deer, are secretions of glands. It has been suggested that the defenseless musk deer escapes many of its enemies from the similarity of its secretion to the musky odor of a crocodile. In many animals which live together in herds, such as deer and antelope, and which have neither bright colors nor far reaching calls to aid straying members to regain the flock, there are large and active scent glands. The next time you see a live antelope in a zoological park, look closely at the head, and between the eye and the nostril a large opening will be seen on either side, which closes now and then, a gap of skin shutting it tightly. Among pigs, the secret pecary, is a very social animal,

going in large packs and on the back is found a large gland from which a clear watery fluid is secreted. Dogs and wolves also have their odor secreting glands on the back, and the "wolf pack" is proverbial.

The gland of the elephant is on the temple and secretes only when the animal is in a dangerous mood a hint, therefore, of opposite significance to that of the herding animals, as this says: "Let me alone! Stay away!" Certain low species of monkeys, the lemurs, have a remarkable bare patch on the forehead, which covers a gland serving some use.

If we marvel at the keenness of scent among animals, how incredible seems the similar sense in insects—similar in function, however different the medium of structure may be. Think of the scent from a female moth, so delicate that we can distinguish nothing even near its body, attracting a male of the same species from a distance of a mile or more. It is surely true that the greatest marvels are not all ways associated with mere bulk.—C. William Beebe in New York Post.

## THE "TYLER MYTH."

One Story of How "Mary Had a Little Lamb" Came to Be Written.

Who wrote "Mary Had a Little Lamb"? If you answer quickly, you are most likely to say "Mother Goose, of course." That is not so. Mary's lamb is a more recent production—so recent, indeed, that it is strange that controversy can already arise about its authorship, but such is the case. It was written at some time in the first third of the nineteenth century. And by whom? I sincerely believe, and think it can be proved, that it was written by Mrs. Sarah Joseph Hale, as she says it was, and not to Mrs. Mary E. Tyler by one John Roulstone, as Mrs. Tyler says it was. I am not even sure that Mrs. Tyler said that.

To make my account of the facts carry to the reader the conviction of truth which I feel myself, I must try to be more than fair to Mrs. Tyler. Here, then, is her story as told by her at different interviews reported in the newspapers, and told when she was a venerable old woman in Somerville, Mass. If it loses anything by the omission of details, it loses, perhaps, the color and effect given it by her obvious and honest belief in her own story. Since no one can doubt that belief, I think that these, which are substantially her very words, give truly all she would herself have thought essential.

She was Mary E. Sawyer of Sterling, Mass., was born in 1806, and was about eleven when her brother persuaded her to take her pet lamb to school. The lamb was discovered by her teacher. Mary herself then took the lamb out and tied it in a shed until noon, when she untied it, and it followed her home. John Roulstone, a student living with his uncle, the parish minister, was visiting the school that forenoon, and the next day he came to the little old schoolhouse and handed Mary a slip of paper upon which were written twelve lines, which are, she says, the original lines. These were in the form of three verses of four lines each, and these "Mary lost and never knew what became of them." That would be in 1817. When the written copy had been lost for nearly a quarter of a century, and many years after the death of the lamb, Mary was surprised to read a poem by Mrs. Sarah Joseph Hale that contained three verses of eight lines each, and the first twelve lines of which were the same as those written by John Roulstone in 1817—"For Mary had them in her memory." Mrs. Hale is said to have added the remaining lines. Such is Mrs. Tyler's story.—Richard Walden Hale in Century.

**The Garden of Eden.**  
According to the best authorities, it was in Armenia that the "garden of Eden," spoken of in the book of Genesis, was planted. Most of the evidence in support of this theory is topographical. The Bible says that the garden was watered by a river running through it which afterward divided into four heads. The names of these are given as Pison, Gihon, Hiddekel and Euphrates. There is little difficulty about the latter, and Hiddekel is commonly identified with the Tigris, both of which rivers rise in the mountains of Armenia. The others are located by assuming them to be Aras and the Kur, streams which also rise in the Armenian hills. In old documents Armenia is often referred to as the "land of the four rivers" or "the cradle of the human race." Though Armenia does not go quite back to the time of Adam, the country's history is traced to its first ruler, Haig, the great-grandson of Japheth.

**Mr. and Mrs.**  
The history of the origin and development of the titles of Mr. and Mrs. is rather interesting. When the ordinary Christian names had nicknames derived from the owner's trade or his dwelling place or from some personal peculiarity tacked on there were as yet no "masters" in the land. Some fellow accumulated more wealth than the bulk of his fellows—became perhaps a landed proprietor or an employer of hired labor. Then he began to be called in the Norman-French of the day the "maistre" of this place or that, of these workmen or of those. In time the "maistre" or "maister" became a prefix to his Christian name, and he became master and his wife mistress. Gradually the title was conferred upon any kind—by mere possession of wealth or holding some position of more or less consideration and importance.

**Far Away.**  
The Brute—What are you thinking of, Mamie?  
Mamie—I am dreaming of my youth.  
The Brute—I thought you had a far-away look in your eyes.—Princeton Tiger

When a man falls back on oaths he declares himself out of arguments.

## A MILITANT PARSON.

What He Preached, and Then He Offered to Fight.

When the settlements on the Forked Deer river were new and western Tennessee was still Chickasaw country all attempts to start religious services were for a long time broken up by a gang of young outlaws who drove the ministers away. At last the Rev. Arthur Davis, a muscular Christian, came. They had given him notice that no Methodist parson should ever preach on Lower Forked Deer. Mr. Davis went to the forbidden ground and preached to a large audience. When the service was over he stepped out into the grove which surrounded the log church and, taking off his coat and collar, placed them on a stump. The outlaws had gathered on one side, the church people on the other. Turning to one of the church people, Mr. Davis gave him a message for his wife and then, facing the outlaws, demanded that they select their champion.

"You said I should not preach," he said, "but I have preached. You say I shall not preach again. Well, I say I shall unless you kill me now. Come on, one at a time, fair play, and we'll see who is right."

The outlaws looked at him in amazement. Then the leader stepped forward, holding out his hand. "I'm with you, Mr. Davis," he declared. "Any man who has got your courage can be parson here as long as he likes. Boys, step up and shake hands with the minister."

Thenceforward the "fighting parson" held forth regularly in the Forked Deer country.

## CANARY BIRDS.

They Are, Barring Men and Peacocks, the Valiest of Creatures.

"Do you know," said an observant gentleman, "that, barring a man and a peacock, I believe a canary bird is the valiest of all creatures? Both my wife and myself are very fond of pets, and we keep several of these little songsters always in the house. One of the cages was an old affair, which had been in the family for years and was used as much for tradition's sake as for economy's sake. I had frequently remarked to my wife that I believed the occupant of this cage was somewhat ashamed of his shabby dwelling place and observed with envious eyes the fact that the other songsters were more artistically lodged. Well, the old cage finally collapsed, and it became necessary to purchase a new one. In order to test my belief in the intelligence of my feathered friend, I made it a point to get him the prettiest little brass house I could find. The effect was magical. No sooner was he turned into his new home than he began to sing as he had never sung before, completely drowning out the music of the other birds and behaving otherwise in a manner altogether becoming his sudden rise in life. No proud pauper coming unexpectedly into an inheritance of great riches could more gracefully have assumed a greater degree of vanity."

## The Grizzly in the Old Days.

In the old days, before the deadly magazine rifle was invented, hunting the grizzly was a very different affair, and no animal on the American continent was more dreaded, his ferociousness and vital force when wounded filling the most reckless hunters with wholesome dread. It was not at all unusual for a grizzly with a bullet through his heart to pursue and tear to pieces the hunter, whose long, single barreled, muzzle loading rifle, with its one round lead bullet, was altogether inadequate for such a contest. It is a strange thing, too, that, while the grizzly bear is an omnivorous feeder, living on anything from roots and nuts to steer and buffalo meat, he has never been known to devour human flesh.—St. Nicholas.

## Quaint Custom in Land Tenure.

At Chingford, in Essex, England, an estate is held by a very curious condition. Whenever it passes into new hands the owner, with his wife, manservant and maid-servant, comes on horseback to the parsonage and pays his homage by blowing three blasts upon a horn. He carries a hawk upon his wrist. His servant has a grayhound in a slip, both for the use of the rector for that day. He receives a chicken for the hawk, a peck of oats for his horse and a loaf of bread for his greyhound. After dinner the owner blows three more blasts and then, with his party, withdraws from the rectory.

## Sorry He Asked.

An eminent bishop was the speaker at a meeting in the interest of an organization of which a woman is the president and tells of a joke which she perpetrated at his expense a few moments prior to the beginning of the meeting. "I inquired of Mrs. N., with the idea of being facetious, 'How many long winded speakers will there be at this meeting, madam?' 'You are the only one,' she replied charmingly."

## Position Well Filled.

Auntie (to little niece, aged seven, who has been left temporarily in charge of brother, aged three)—Well, Effie, dear, I hope you have been quite a mother to him while mammy's been away. Effie—Oh, yes, auntie, dear, I have. I've smacked him three times.—Punch.

## Classified.

"She says she is very fond of music." "Instrumental!"

"Well, it's instrumental in making the neighbors swear when she gets at the piano"—Exchange.

Gratitude that is extravagant is words is actually economical in all other expressions.

**CLARO BUBBLING**

Health and Beauty. Claro brings color to the cheeks—Makes weak women strong. The modern tonic-wine and tissue builder.

At your Druggist

FOR SALE BY  
**W. M. MELVILLE**  
DRUGGIST.

**OIL MARKET.**

Penna oil	.....\$1.65
Tions oil	.....1.80
Cornell oil	.....1.45
New Castle oil	.....1.52
Cabell oil	.....1.40
North Lima oil	.....1.16
South Lima oil	.....1.11
Indiana oil	.....1.11
Somerset oil	.....1.10
Regard oil	......66
<b>Kansas Oil.</b>	
North Neodesha oil	.....\$1.18
South Neodesha oil	......96
Heavy oil	......53
Bartlesville oil	.....1.00

The health and fragrance and strength of the great pine forests are condensed in Pineules—a new discovery put up in a new way. A cure for Bright's disease, calculus, rheumatism, lumbago and every form of urinary disturbance.

**DAYTON AND RETURN \$2.20 VIA C. H. & D. R. R.**  
Tickets on sale Saturdays and Sundays, good to return Monday forenoon. apr 14-1m.

"I have used Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets with most satisfactory results," says Mrs. F. L. Phelps, Houston, Texas. For indigestion, biliousness and constipation these tablets are most excellent. Sold by all druggists.

## HE WAS TOUCHED.

J. Hobart Moore, lately returned from a fishing trip in Canada, says that he found the devotion of the French-Canadians to Canada and things Canadian quite touching.

"It was this way," he says "When I struck Montreal, a Canadian friend of mine told me that I could easily get a guide for \$1 per day for the month. He had done it often and he recommended Pierre Lorrison, who lived at Ste. Rose. I interviewed Lorrison and asked him what he would charge for the job.

"Where you was come from?" said he. "Chicago," I said. "For be your guide I take \$4 a day," said he.

"I remonstrated, but it was no go. I found that the guides who would take \$1 per day from a Canadian wanted \$4 to \$6 a day from Americans. "So, you see I was touched by the patriotism of these people—touched for about \$3 per day."—New York Times.

**Dreadful Attack of Whooping Cough.**  
Mrs. Ellen Harrison, of 300 Park avenue, Kansas City, Mo., writes as follows: "Our two children had a severe attack of whooping cough, one of them in the paroxysm of coughing would often faint and bleed at the nose. We tried everything we heard of without getting relief. We then called on our family doctor who prescribed Foley's Honey and Tar. With the very first dose they began to improve, and we feel that it has saved their lives." Refuse substitutes. H. F. Vorkamp.

**Sure To Be Trouble.**  
"There's going to be a row here pretty soon," remarked the theatrical manager, "I must be getting ready for it."

"What's the matter?" asked the newspaper man.

"Nothing now," replied the manager, "but we produce a new piece tonight. If it's a success, there will be trouble between the company and the author over who is entitled to the credit, and if it's a failure, there will be the same trouble over who should have the blame."—Chicago Post.

**\$100 REWARD \$100.**  
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical world. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution, and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for a list of testimonials. Address, J. C. HENNEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

**Mother—Now, I want you to keep as far away as possible from that Jones boy. He's the worst one in your school.**

**Daddy—I always do. He's at the head of the class all the time.**

**Save Two From Death.**  
"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Haviland, of Armonk, N. Y., "but, when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had consumption in an advanced stage, also used this wonderful medicine and today she is perfectly well." Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infants for coughs and colds, six and \$1.00 bottles guaranteed by H. F. Vorkamp. Trial bottles free.



## SIGNS

Of Progress in the  
Good Work

Of Missions

Were Shown at the Dis-  
trict Meeting.

Splendid Addresses and In-  
teresting Papers Were  
Heard by Delegates

Who Gathered at the U. B. Church.  
The Ladies Have Been Doing  
Noble Work in the Good  
of the Cause.

The 28th annual meeting of the Sandusky branch of the Women's Missionary Society of the United Brethren church which began with services on Tuesday evening, continued throughout yesterday, when the attendance was augmented by new arrivals from the district.

The opening session was presided over by Mrs. W. O. Fries, of Postoria, and the devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. Adrienne Gleason, of Ottawa. The delegates and visitors were warmly welcomed in an address by Mrs. A. E. Davis, wife of the pastor of the local U. B. church, where the meetings were held and it was followed by other greetings coming from those of other denominations who are interested in the broad plan of missionary work.

To the address of welcome, Mrs. G. Bender, of Marion, O., responded, and the subject, "Successes and Opportunities in Evangelizing the World," was handled in a most capable manner.

Music by the Lima quartette and a solo by Miss Bessie Snider, added to the program, and a social hour following the exercises led to a better acquaintance.

The sessions of yesterday opened with devotional exercises in the morning, conducted by Mrs. M. H. Hershiser, of Attica, O., which was followed by the enrollment of delegates and the business matters which brought the convention together. Reports on the work of various societies showed that the women have been active in the work and that \$1450 was the amount raised by the endeavors.

Mrs. J. E. Toul, of Postoria, delivered a helpful talk on the workers' conference, and her suggestion that work in the Christian field should be conducted on rigid business principles, was exemplified in various ways. The regular work of the afternoon session followed. Mrs. E. Davis, of Elida, reading a paper on "Women's Place in Missions," and Mrs. O. D. Voorhees, of Bettsville, one on "The Things That Abide," which brought into review the necessity in the lives of all of friendship, character, faithfulness, a mother's love, a father's duty, and all of the helpful influences of a perfect life in private and public.

Mrs. Voorhees also conducted the impressive memorial services before the close of the afternoon session.

The annual address was delivered at the evening session last night, by Frank Edwards, of Westerville, on the

topic, "Missions and Progress," and the annual offering was taken, the days services closing with an anthem by the choir and the benediction.

This morning's program was carried out as published, and the following officers elected: Mrs. W. O. Fries, Postoria, president; Mrs. A. E. Davis, Lima 1st vice president; Mrs. O. E. Voorhees, Bettsville, 2nd vice president; Mrs. Berringer, Postoria, treasurer and Mrs. McElwan, of Toledo, secretary.

Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Crabbs, of Findlay and Mrs. Fout, of Postoria, were chosen delegates to the convention in Allentown, Pa., May 17-20.

The next meeting of the society will be held in Marion in April, next year.

## IMPORTANT

Meeting to Be Held at Pathfinders Tomorrow Night.

A very important meeting is on the program for Ontario Lodge No. 11, The Pathfinders, tomorrow night. The new work will be put on by the team, and action will be taken looking to the establishment of a sick benefit for the lodge.

Further arrangements will be made for the joint initiation by Ontario lodge and the south side lodge to be held May 27th. A large class of candidates is expecting to be taken through the wilderness, and a general good time will be had on that date. Let every member be in attendance tomorrow night and lend their assistance toward making May 27th the banner day in the history of the Pathfinders of Lima. Brother Albert Shaul will deliver one of his famous stump speeches for the good of the order.

Mrs. Emma Platt Guyton, a writer and lecturer of national repute, will give a series of lectures to the women of Lima at suite 6 and 7, Central building, April 22nd, at 2:30 p. m. and 7:30 p. m. Subjects: "The Secret of Personal Magnetism," and "The Evolution of Peggy," and on Tuesday afternoon, April 26th, at 2:30 p. m., under the auspices of St. Agatha's Chapter of the Episcopal church in the parish rooms, subject, "The Awakened Woman." Admission free. Mrs. Guyton is one of our finest lady orators," says the Chicago Tribune. 3-21

## BRYAN WILL NOT DECLARE

For Anybody for President in His Speech to Be Delivered in Chicago.

Lincoln, April 21.—Wm. J. Bryan, in an interview today, denied the report that he would discuss a presidential possibility in his Chicago speech, next Saturday night. Mr. Bryan's address will be devoted entirely to the New York platform, and to the platform to be adopted by the national democratic committee. He says he has not declared for anybody for president and will not do so in Chicago.

COAL GAS FOR SALE AT GAS OFFICE. 64-4t

LIMA CHAPTER NO. 49, R. A. M.

Special convocation tomorrow (Friday) evening. Work on Past and M. E. Master degrees.

H. C. SEEBERS, H. P. WALLACE LANDIS, Secy.

## GOES

To the Toledo Work House

For Indulging

In Profane Language on the Street.

Nora Hans Was Rearrested and Locked Up During Last Night.

Three of the Four Boys Arrested on Charge of Stealing Brass Are Bound Over to Probate Court.

Nora Hans, the depraved woman who made a spectacle of herself on the streets, night before last by using vile and obscene language, after being arrested by officer Ferguson, was re-arrested last night and drew the capital prize in mayor's court this morning.

Night before last, the woman was released on her personal recognizance with instructions to appear before the mayor yesterday afternoon. She failed to appear and last night, being found at one of her usual haunts, she was re-arrested. When arraigned before Mayor Robb today, she was fined \$20 and the costs of prosecution and was given an additional sentence of 10 days imprisonment in the Toledo work house.

Boys Bound Over. Edward Swartout, Russell Baker, and Elmer Bell, three of the four young boys who were arrested by Detectives Watts and Gerdeman on the charge of stealing car jou. n. l. brasses from the C. H. & D. railroad company, were bound over to the probate court late yesterday afternoon. Timothy Guinea, the fourth member of the quartette, pleaded not guilty and his case was set for a hearing this afternoon.

At the hearing this afternoon young Guinea, by his own testimony endeavors to establish an alibi but had no witnesses present to substantiate his statements, while the other three prisoners all testified against him. He was also bound over to the probate court and all four of the prisoners were taken immediately to the probate court room for a further hearing. Notified to Appear.

Edna Chandler, proprietress of an east North street resort, was notified to appear before the mayor at 3 o'clock this afternoon to answer to a charge of conducting an improper place.

## OF INTEREST TO YOU.

Are you aware that we carry one of the largest and most complete lines of groceries in Lima, and at prices that are right. A visit to our stores will convince you that it is time well spent.

DIMOND BROS.

138 N. Main St. 799 W. Wayne St.

A spring tonic for the children. Give them Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. See them thrive, grow, eat and sleep. The children's doctor. 25 cents, tea or tablet form. H. F. Vorkamp.

## FELLOWS WHO WERE TAKEN

Late Custody by Postoffice Inspector Kyle Were Released and Then Rearrested.

Charles McCoy, W. A. Jones and William Wiley, who were arrested here on the charge of robbing the post office at Chatfield on the night of March 14, were taken before Commissioner Brough, at Toledo Monday afternoon.

The government relinquished its case against the accused men, there being no evidence to sustain the charge, and conviction in this particular case was considered impossible.

Immediately upon the release of the prisoners on the above charge, Deputy Marshal Winders presented Commissioner Brough a warrant charging the three men with complicity in the robbery of the DeGraff postoffice.

This was evidently a great surprise to the attorneys for the defense, who declare the accused men can make even a better defense than in the Chatfield case.

The men will have their preliminary hearing on the new charge next Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

## RUBBER FOR THE HOSPITAL.

By authority of the board of education, Friday, April 22nd will be rubber day in Lima schools. Pupils are requested to bring old rubbers to the schools where they attend, for the benefit of Lima hospital.

C. C. MULLER, Supt. of Schools.

Building Stone Furnished Promptly. Phones Main 308; Lima 170. 62-4t

Makes the children eat, sleep and grow. A tonic for father, mother, brother and sister. Reconstructor, strength producer, life prolonger. Such is Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35c. H. F. Vorkamp.

## SECRETARY PESSIMISTIC.

Gay Pictures Awful Things for Filipinos, If They Are Given Freedom.

New York, April 21.—Secretary of War Taft addressed a large gathering of members of the Chamber of Commerce today on "Conditions in the Philippines."

He wanted to enlist the sympathies of the American people in behalf of the inhabitants of this island he said, and added: "If we abandon the islands, we shall turn individual liberty to a reign of misrule and political liberty would be at an end."

The surest and safest remedy for kidney and bladder diseases is Kelsey's Kidney Cure. If taken in time it affords security from all kidney and bladder diseases. It makes them right. Don't delay taking. H. F. Vorkamp.

## OHIO REGENTS WERE CHOSEN.

Washington, April 21.—Most of today's session of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution was devoted to reports from the state organizations. Many of the regents described the progress of the work of perpetuating the memories of patriotic forefathers during the year.

## OHIO LEADERS CHOSEN.

Washington April 21.—The Ohio state delegation to the thirteenth continental congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution have chosen the following regents and vice regents from Ohio.

Mrs. Orland J. Dodge, Mrs. W. Weaver

Building Stone Furnished Promptly. Phones Main 308; Lima 170. 62-4t

## STEREOPTICAN LECTURE.

Great interest is being taken in the stereoptican lecture on the Life of John Wesley by Rev. J. M. Avann D. D., at Trinity M. E. church, Friday, April 22nd at 8 o'clock p. m. Every member of the Methodist church should hear this interesting lecture on the wonderful life and teachings of the founder of the M. E. church. All children of the church are invited. Admission free.

This lecture will be illustrated with 60 very fine colored slides, each slide is hand painted at a great cost.

## CIRCUIT

Court Judges Will Return Tomorrow.

The circuit court judges have sent a notice to the county clerk, stating that they would arrive in Lima tomorrow and be in session at nine o'clock for the purpose of handing down decisions in cases submitted at their recent spring session.

WATSON'S PRICES ARE ALL HURRY UP PRICES.

# Spring Clothes Style!



If YOU are to be in style this spring you will have to be in one of our Spring Suits and Top Coats; and you will never see nor be in more stylish garments than those here illustrated.

It's a Good Illustration,

But it does not do justice to the clothes. You must see the garments to realize how good these clothes are. We are sole agents for

Hart, Schaffner

& Marx Clothes,

And they are worth being insistent about. You will find no clothes to equal them anywhere.

Top Coats \$12 to \$20.

Suits \$12 to \$25.00.

We have Everything in Stylish Children's Clothing.

# MORRIS BROS.,

217 North Main Street, Lima, Ohio.

G. E. BLUEM.

CENTRAL BUILDING.

G. E. BLUEM.



A SILK SKIRT IS NO LONGER A LUXURY.



Time was when but few women had the opportunity to wear silk skirts because of their being so expensive as to become almost a luxury. Today all that is changed, and the stylishly inclined woman of good taste but modest means can be the owner of a silk skirt without any financial inconvenience. Our stock is complete always, but below we have a special offer for you that will prove both of great interest and be of great benefit to those who take advantage of it.

The wearer of Latreque Consul gives her costume an undefinable air of personal charm. A demonstrator with us the remainder of this week.

**SILK DRESS SKIRTS** of very latest design, not a sample line, but clean, new fresh Skirts direct from the factory; a few less than seventy-five Skirts in the lot; waist bands 23 to 28, lengths from 40 to 46 inches. The manufacturer of these Skirts is not new to us; his Skirts we have sold for years; we know how reliable the styles and how dependable his offerings. All of them are made of Peau De Soie; some are plainly stitched, some are lace trimmed, some are killed. The range of style covers about all offered in medium priced Silk Skirts. WE HAVE ONLY ONE OF A KIND. Duplicate orders on any one will cost one-third more than the price at which they are now offered. They are all marked in plain figures at almost ONE-HALF REGULAR VALUE. The prices are from \$8.50 to \$15.00.

G. E. BLUEM.

G. E. BLUEM.



Dry Goods, Suit House. CENTRAL BUILDING, 221-223 North Main Street.



# EMBROIDERY SALE,

## Friday, April 22,

BEGINNING AT 9:00 A. M.

1st and 2nd Doors 10c Yard. 10c Yard. 10c Yard.

## The Best Embroidery Bargain of the Season.

Nice new, fresh goods direct from Switzerland. Large variety of Edgings and Insertings offered just at a time when you need them: offered at big money saving prices, put up in convenient lengths of 5 and 6 yards. Widths of Edgings from 1 to 9 inches. No Edgings will be out at this price. Insertings will be cut in lengths to suit. Your choice of the lot for TEN CENTS THE YARD. ONLY TEN CENTS. See window display. No goods sold before 9:00 o'clock Friday morning. Everyone given the same opportunity. Be on hand early. That's all.